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(54) **RAPID UNIVERSAL RACK MOUNT ENCLOSURE**

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None

See application file for complete search history.

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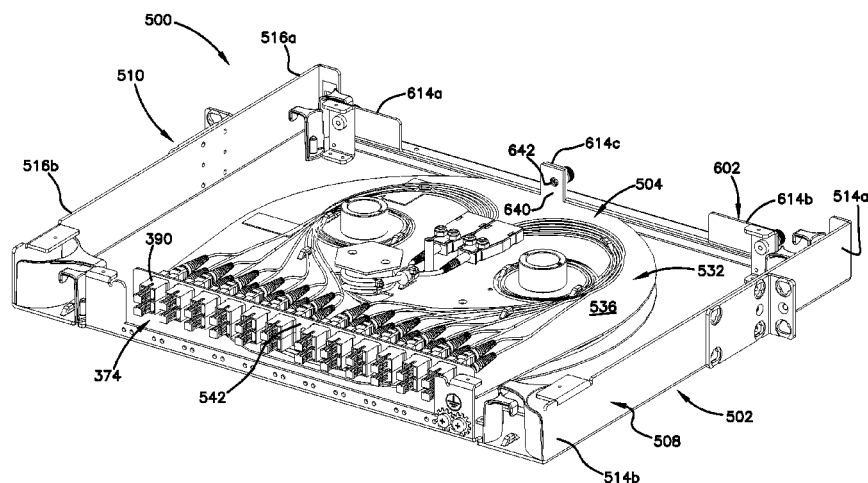
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A cable enclosure assembly includes an enclosure, a cable spool and a length of fiber optic cable. The enclosure defines an interior region, a first opening and a second opening aligned with the first opening. The first and second openings provide access to the interior region. The cable spool is disposed in the interior region of the enclosure and is rotatably engaged with the enclosure. The cable spool includes a drum and a flange engaged to the drum. The flange has an outer peripheral side, a cable management portion and an adapter bulkhead portion. The adapter bulkhead portion extends outwardly from the cable management portion and forms a portion of the outer peripheral side. The length of the fiber optic cable is disposed about the drum of the cable spool.

11 Claims, 16 Drawing Sheets



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FIG. 1

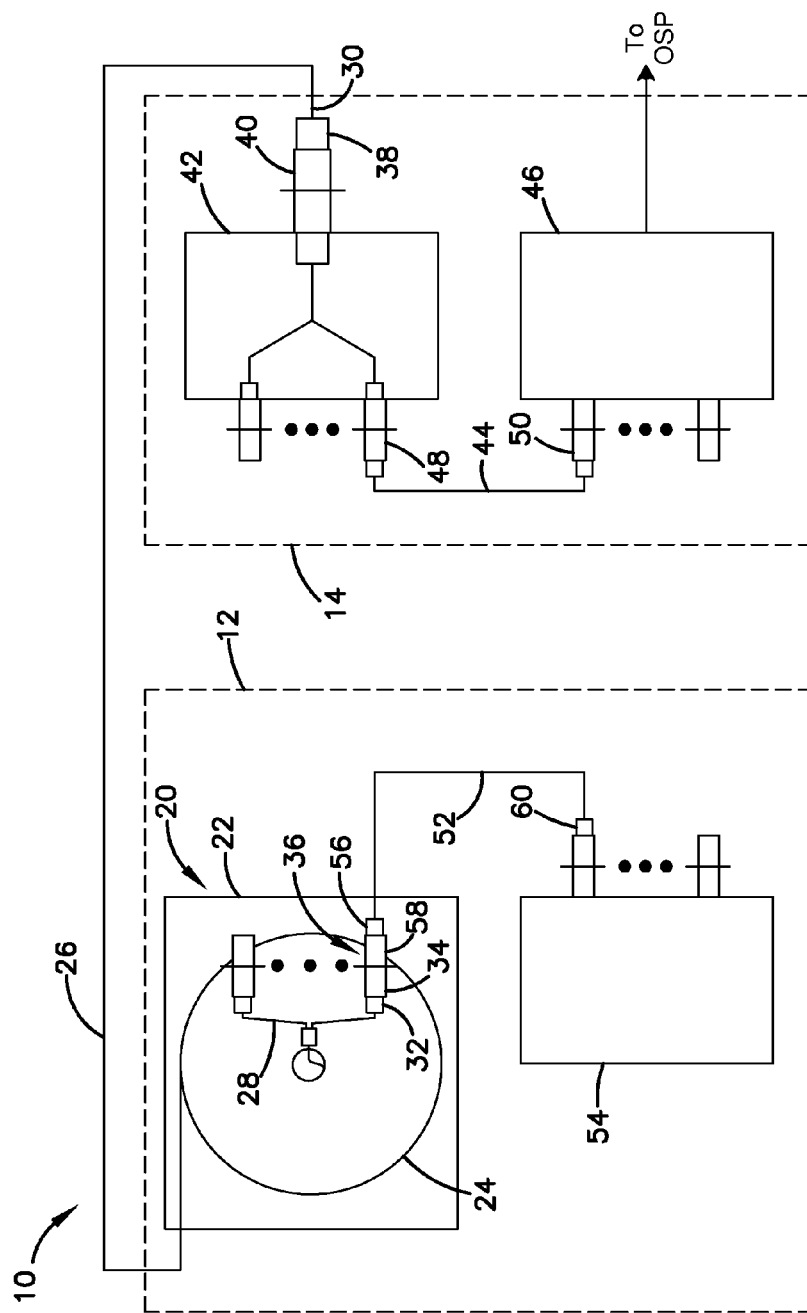


FIG. 2

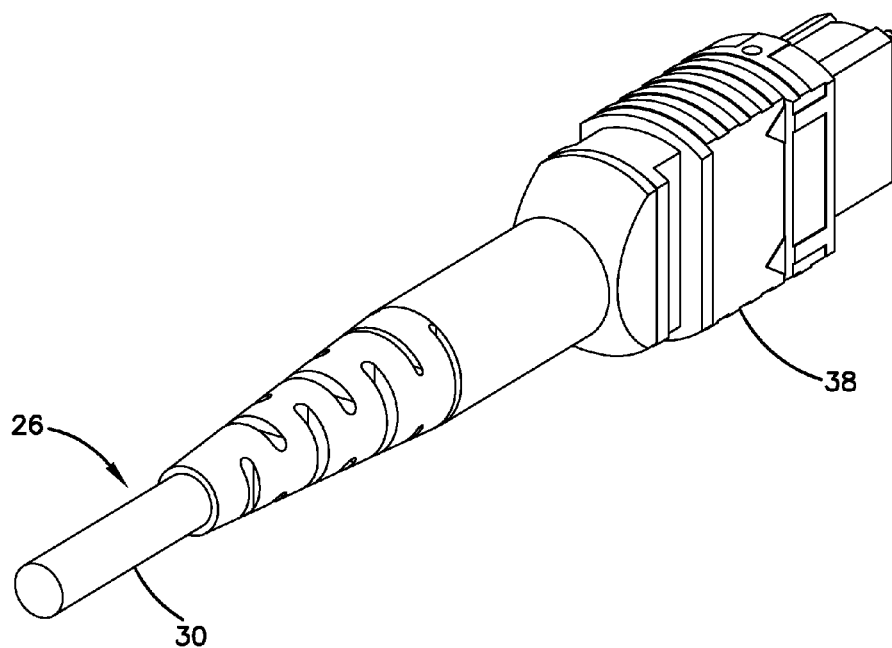
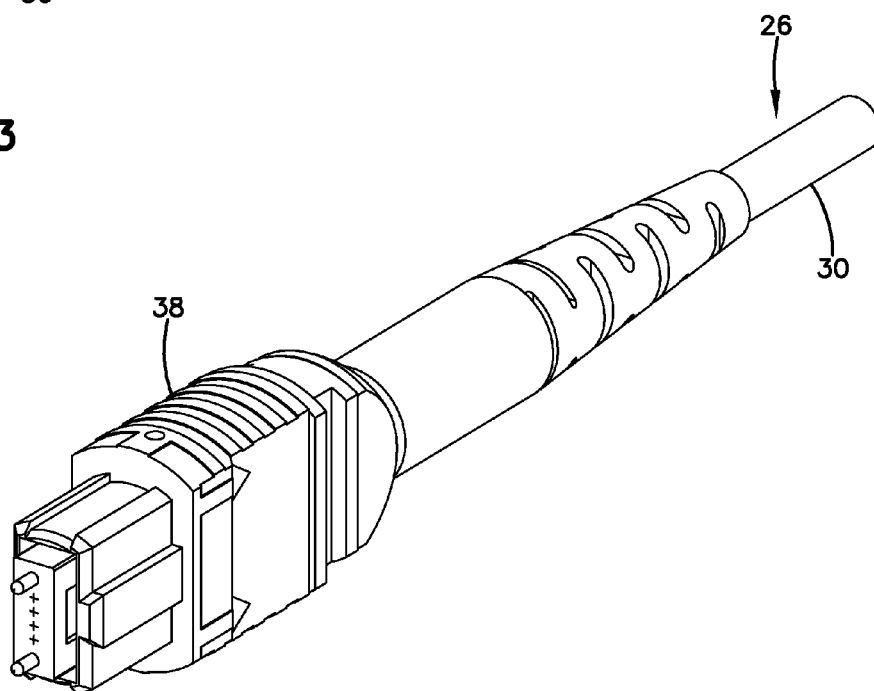
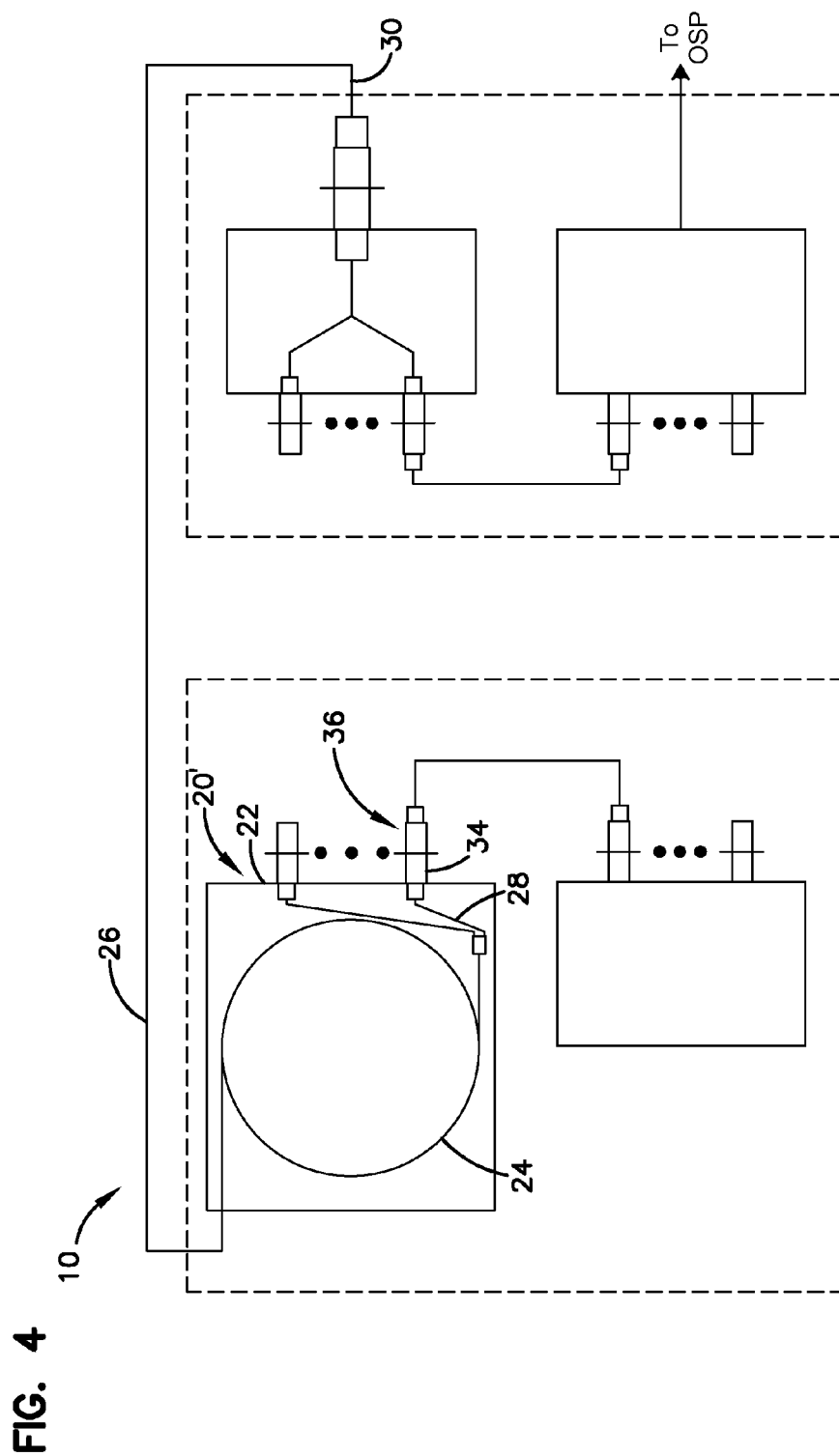


FIG. 3





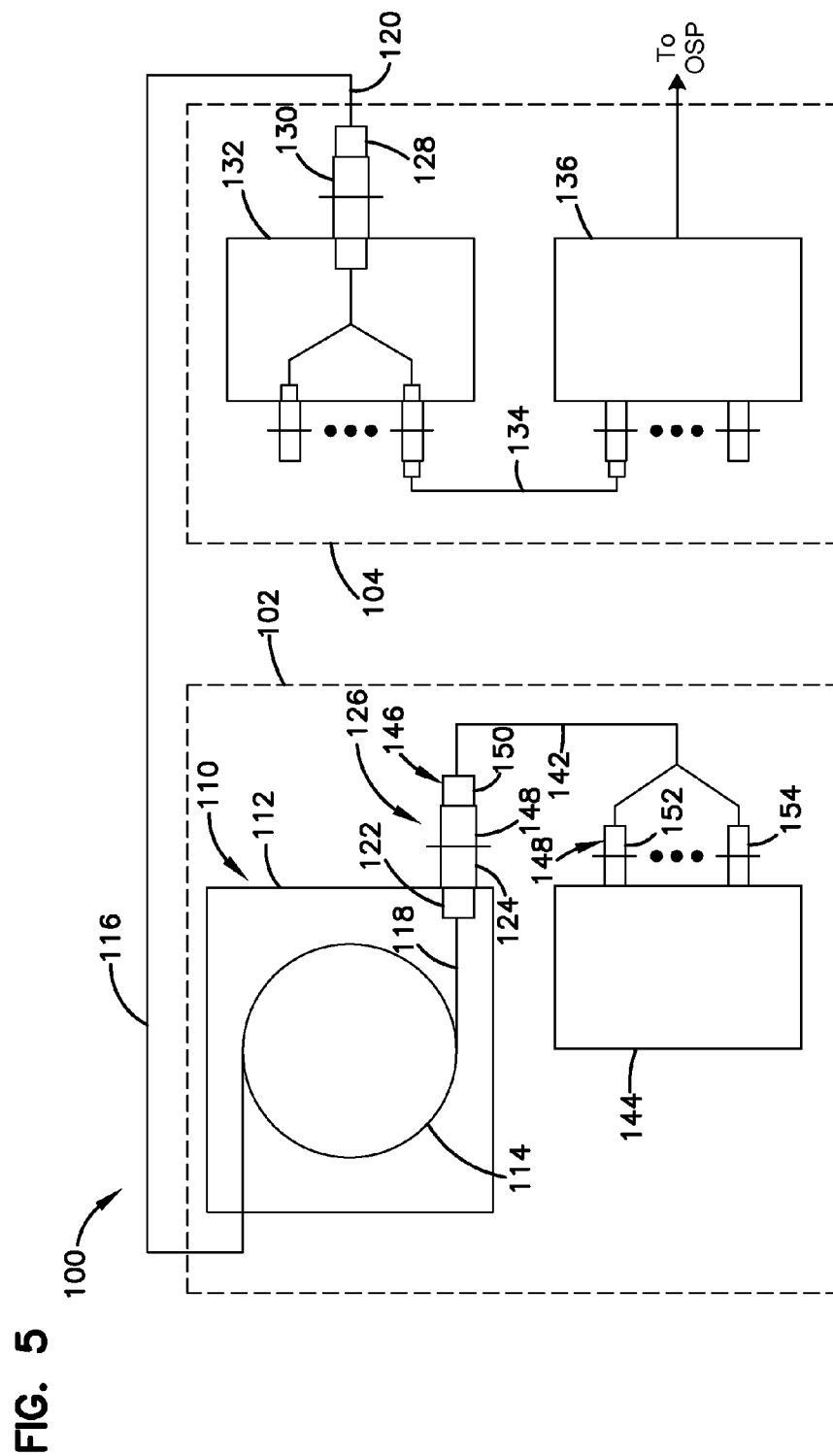


FIG. 6

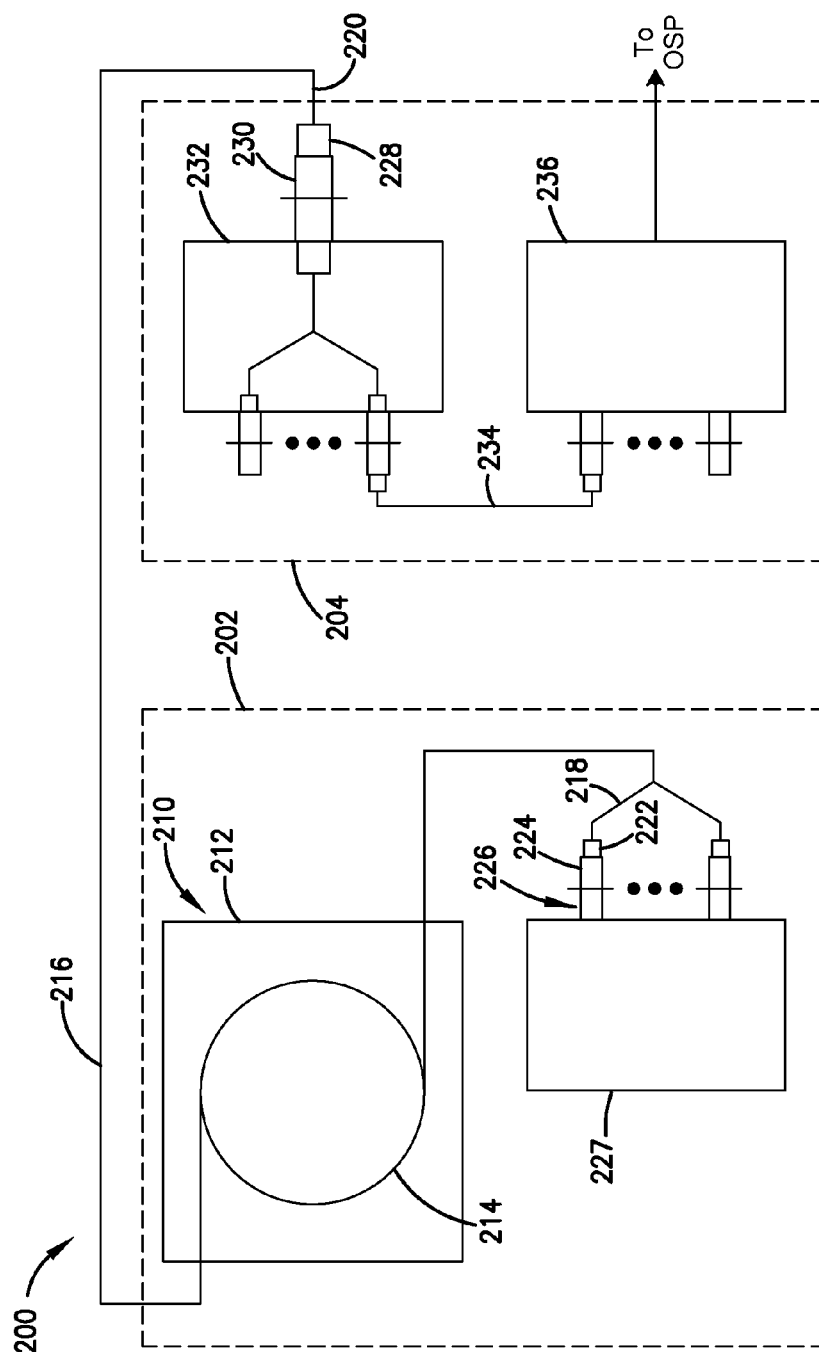


FIG. 7

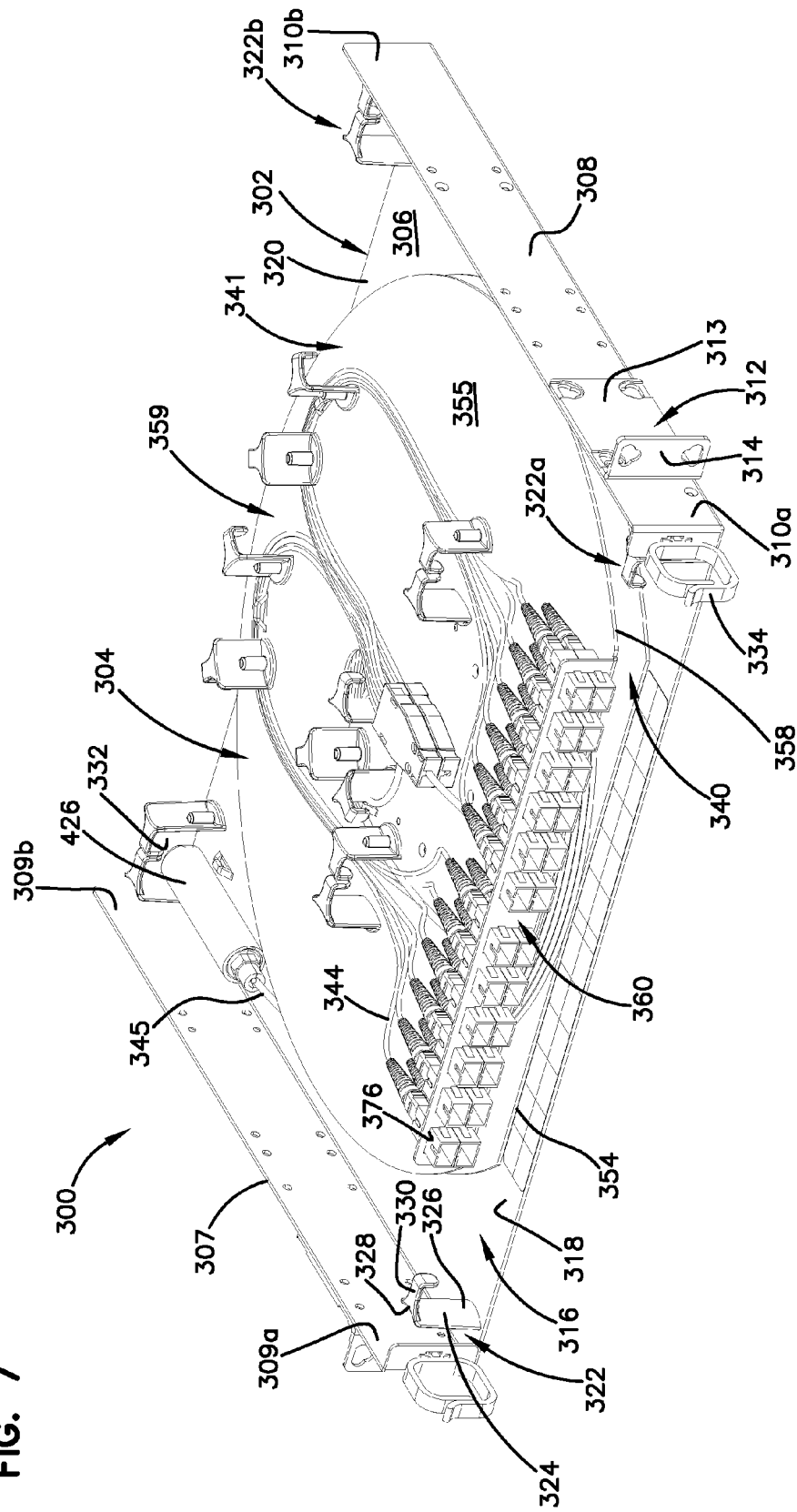
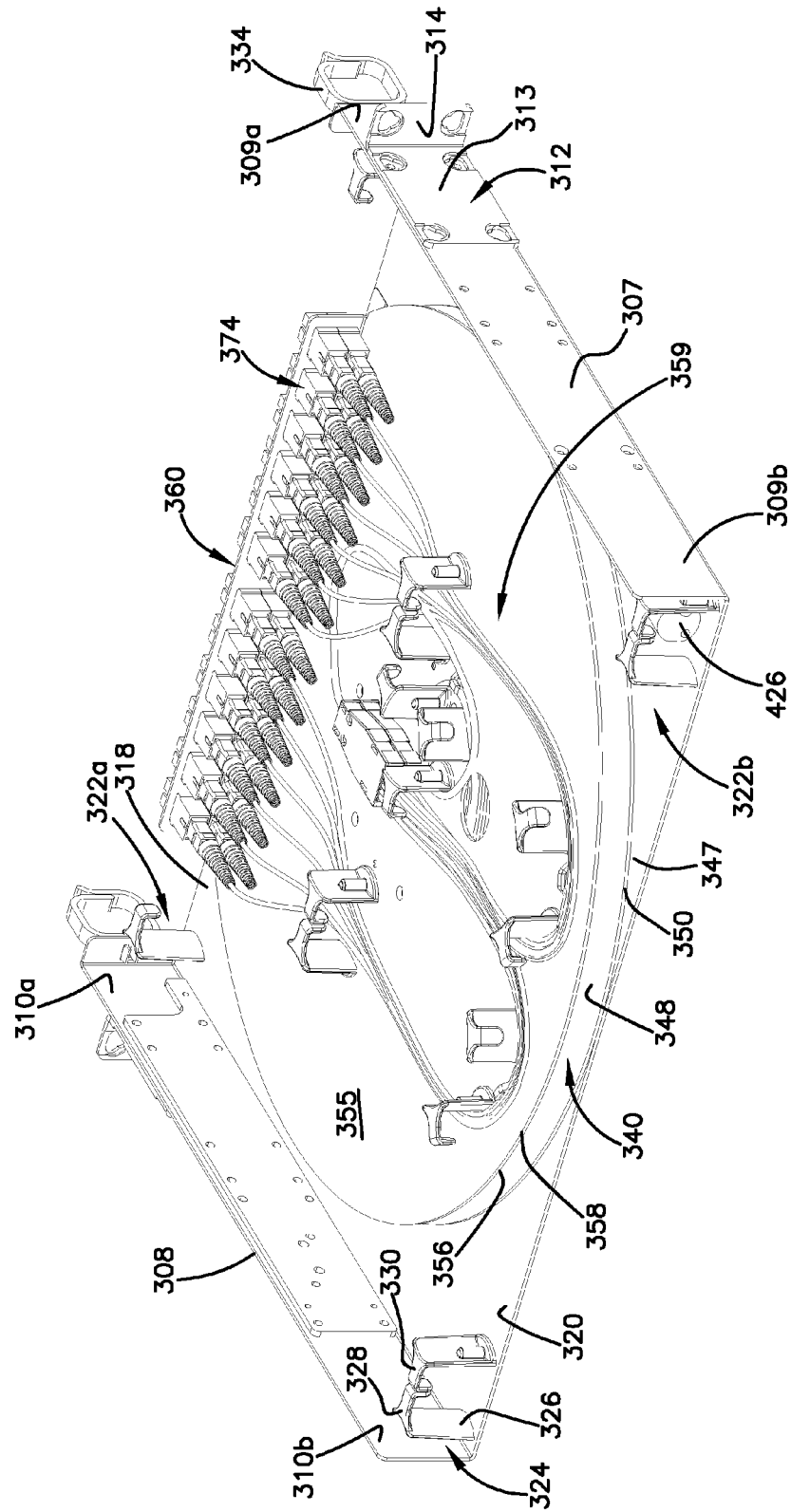


FIG. 8



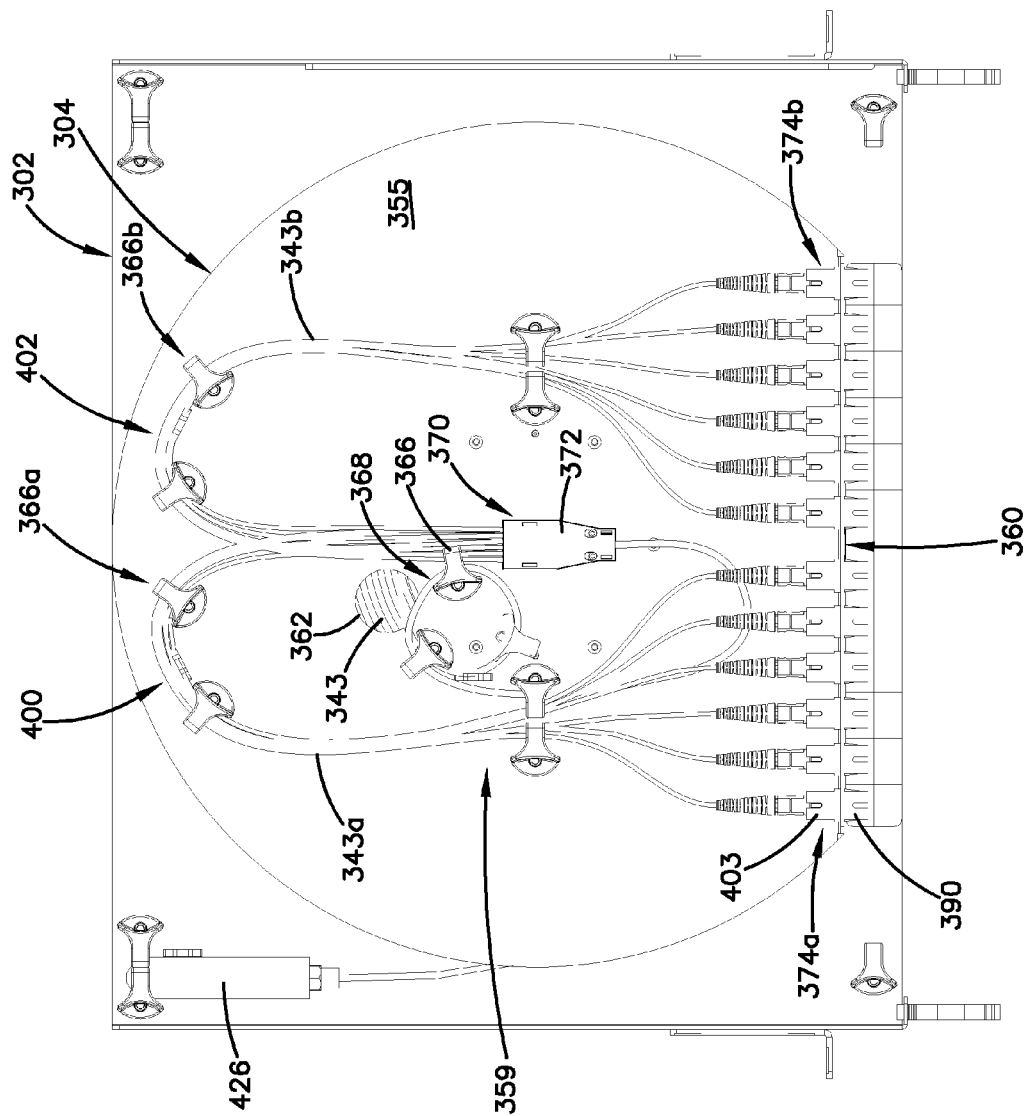
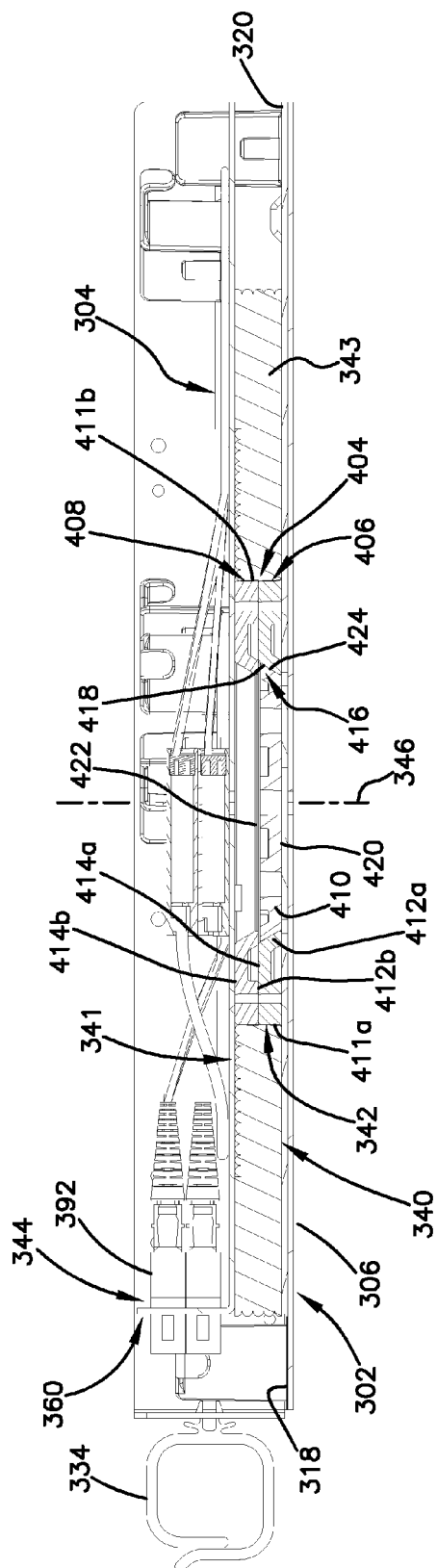


FIG. 9

FIG. 10



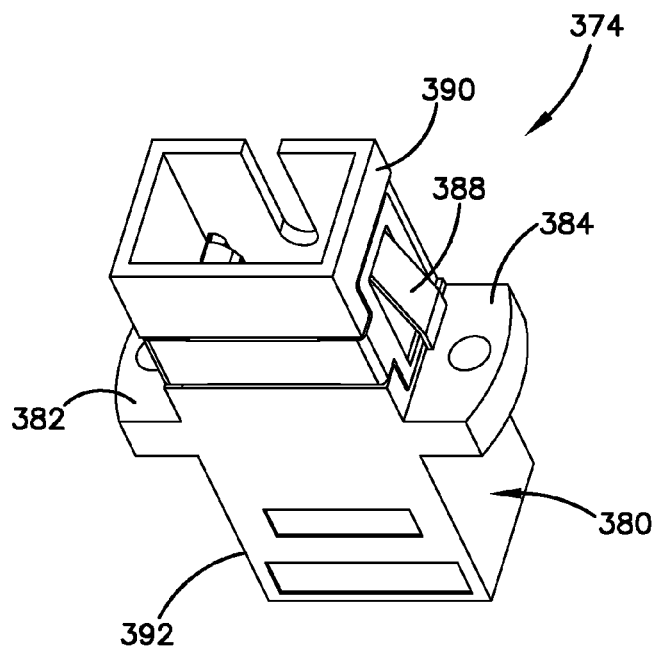


FIG. 11

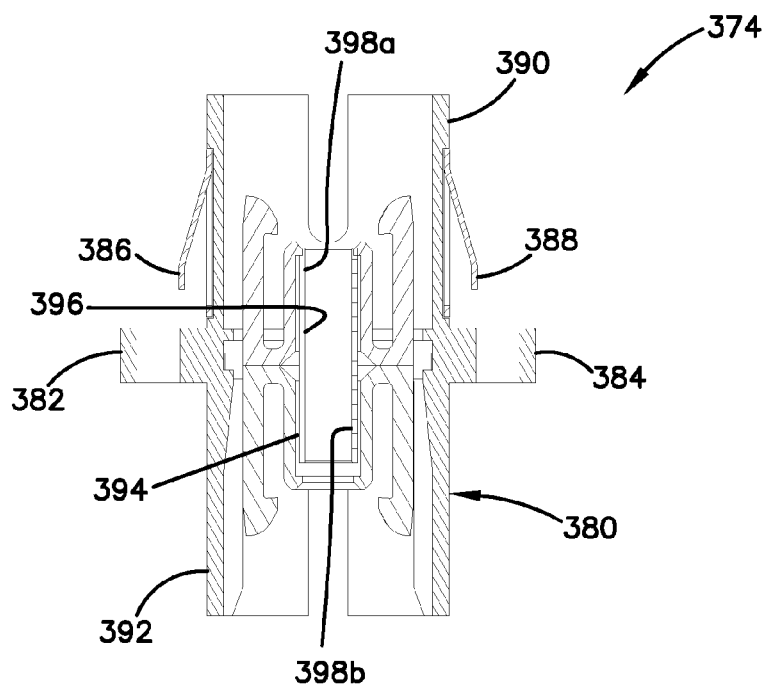
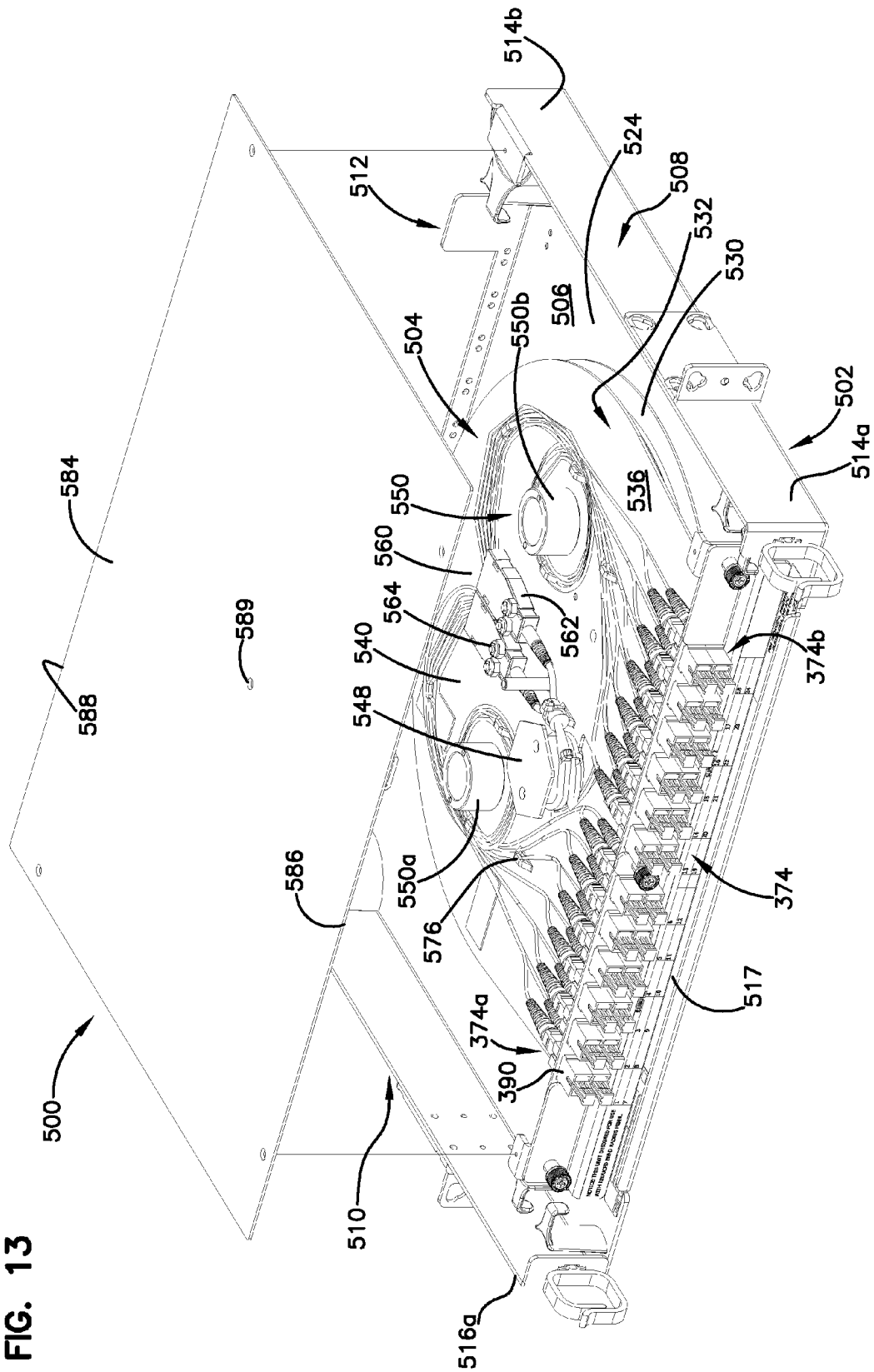


FIG. 12

FIG. 13



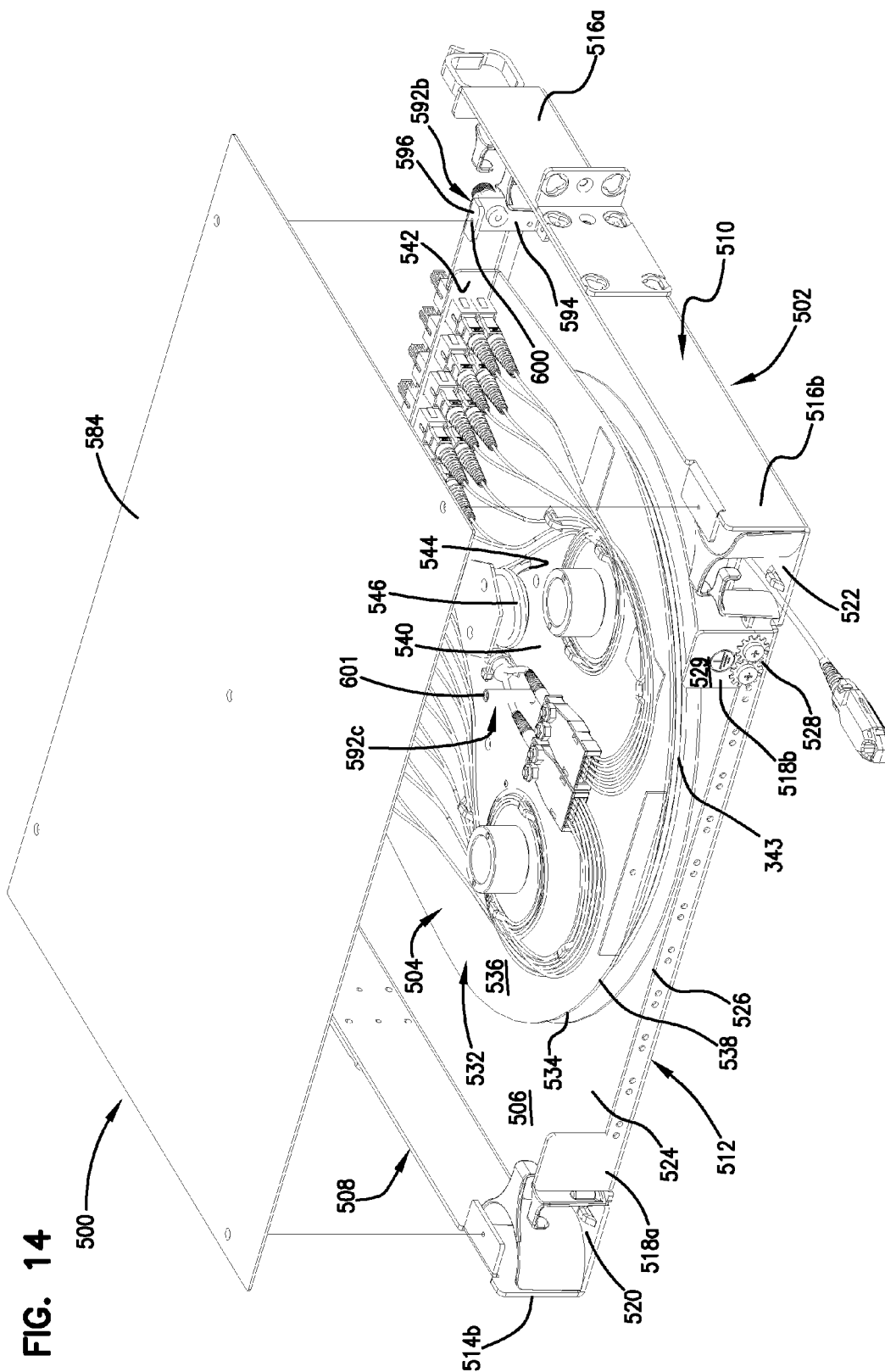
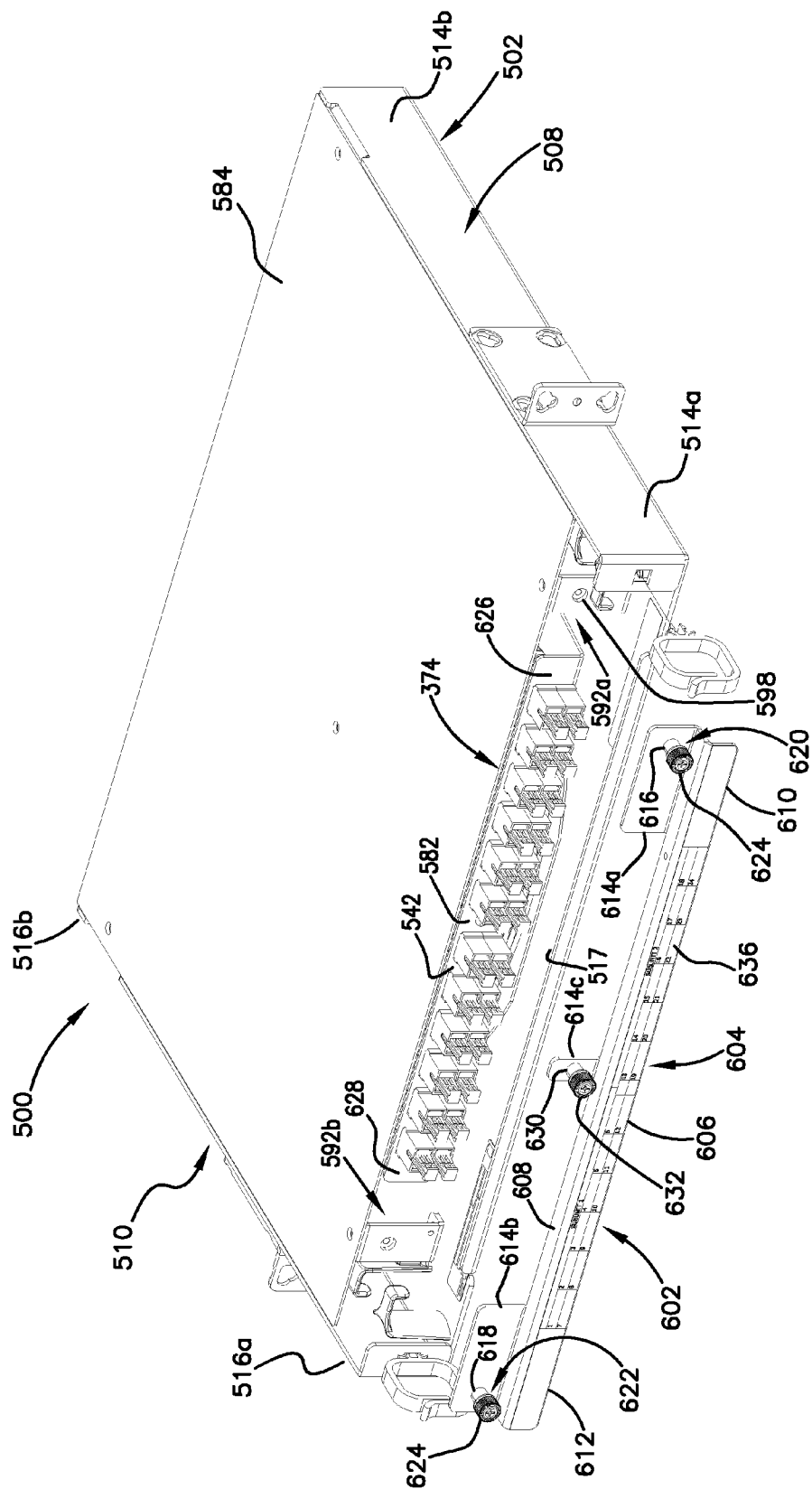
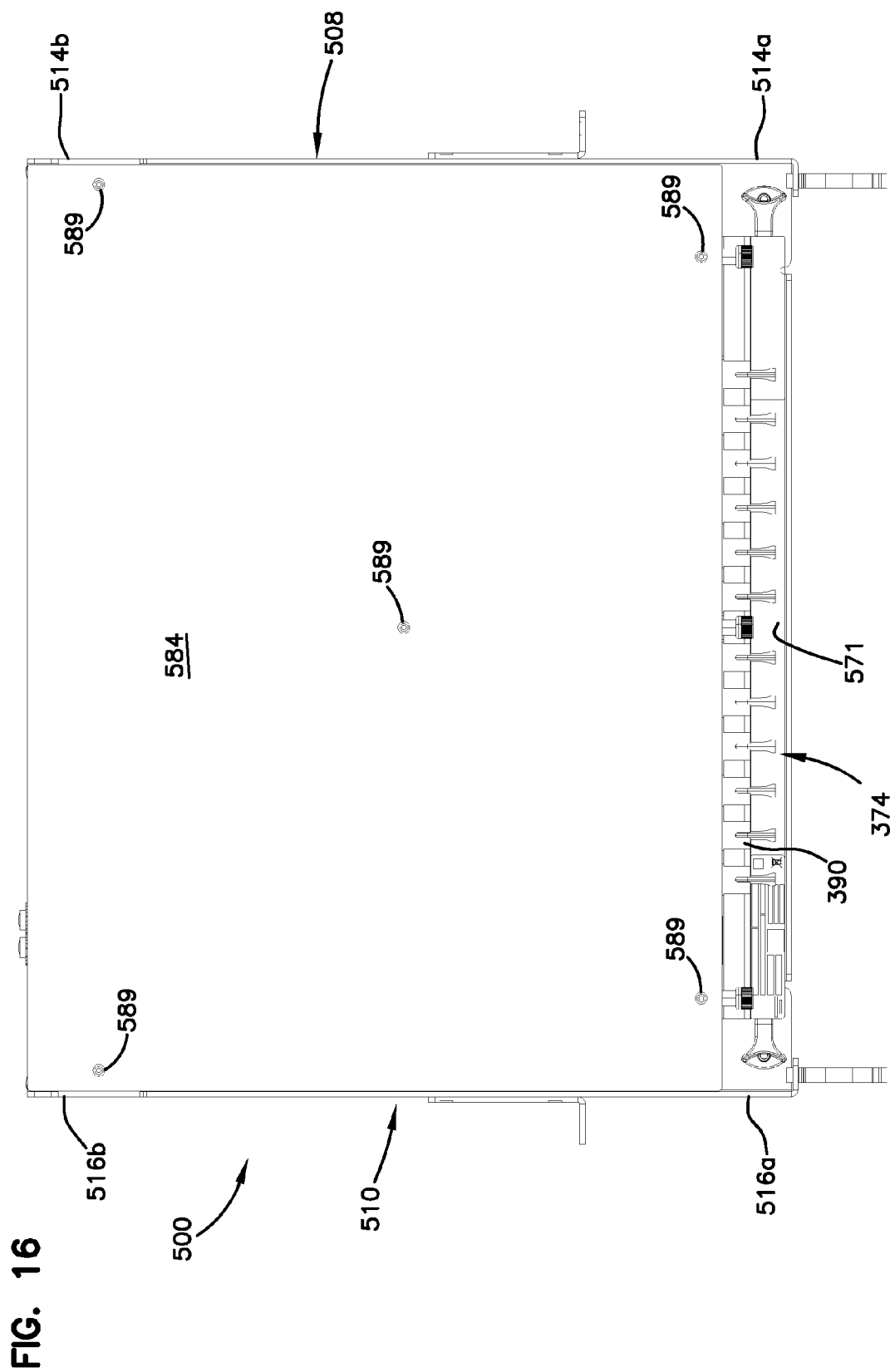


FIG. 15





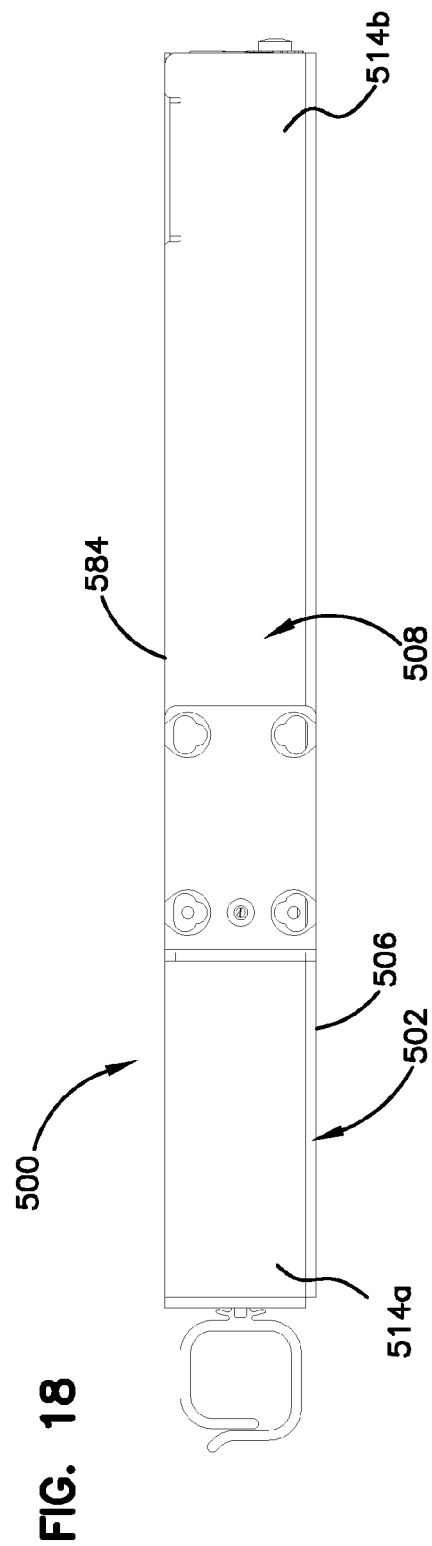
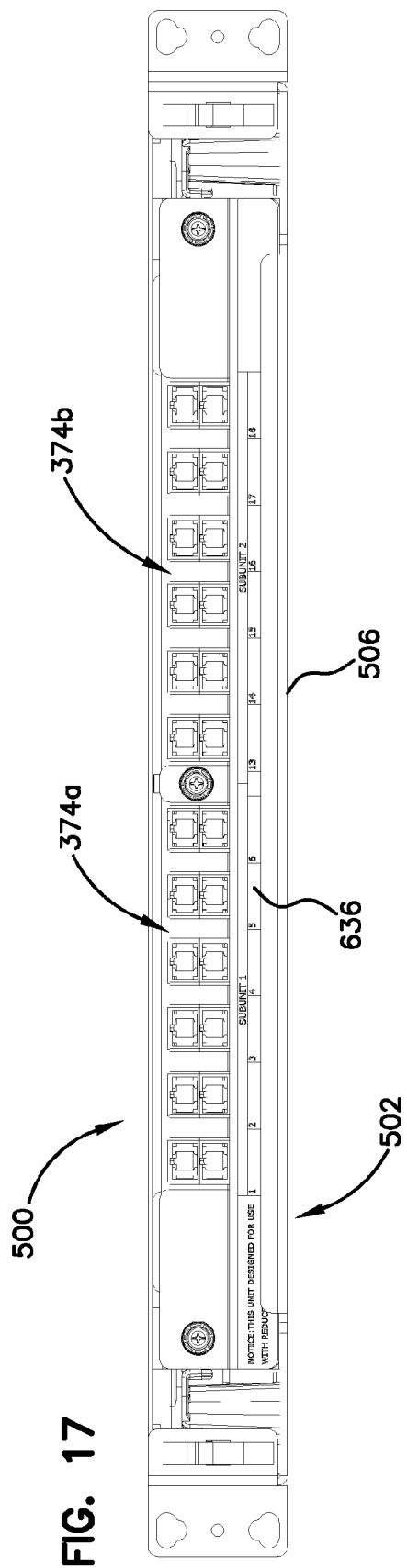
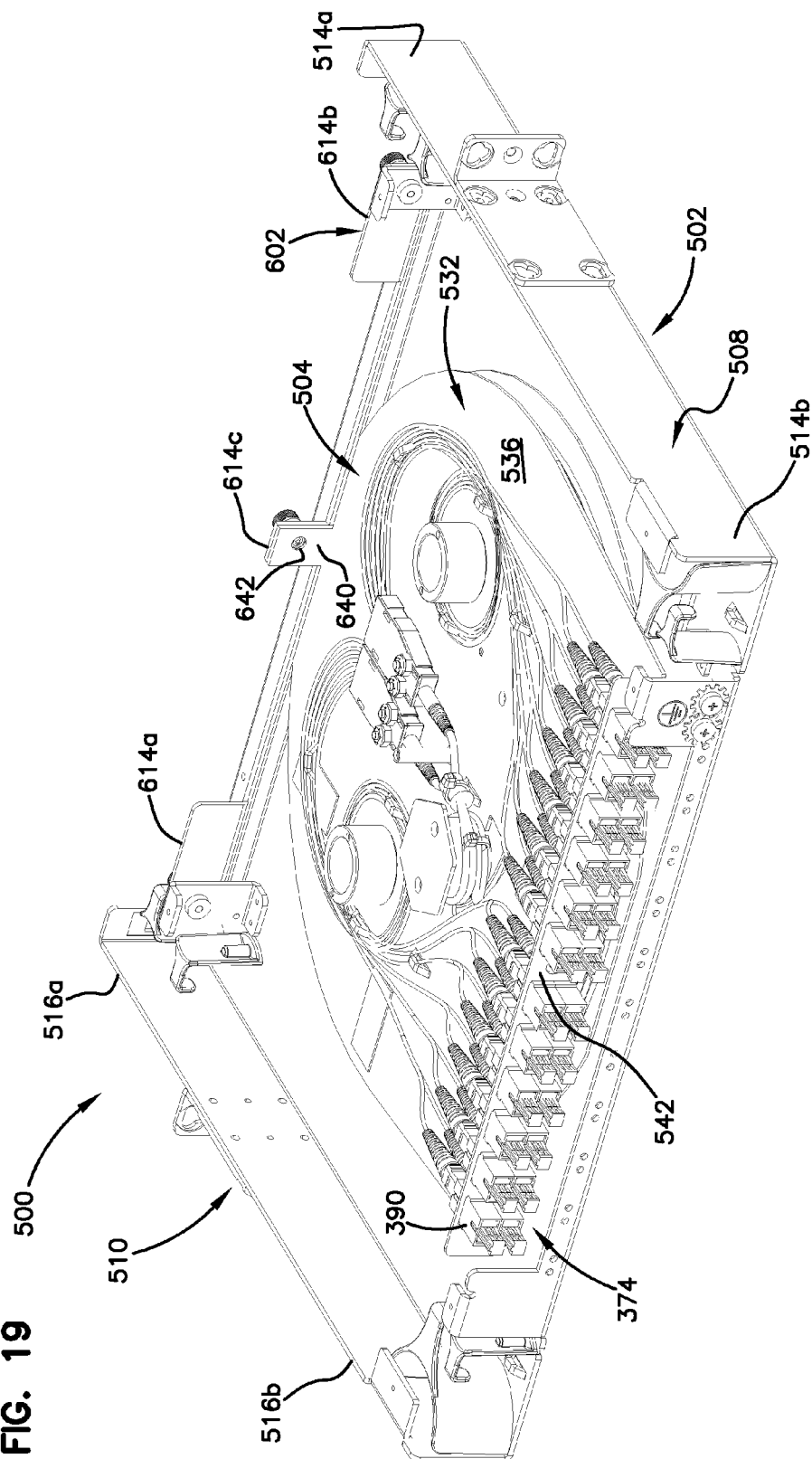


FIG. 19



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RAPID UNIVERSAL RACK MOUNT ENCLOSURE

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present patent application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/863,914, filed Apr. 16, 2013, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/840,834, filed Jul. 21, 2010, now U.S. Pat. No. 8,422,847, which application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/261,657, filed Nov. 16, 2009, and also claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/227,247, filed Jul. 21, 2009, which applications are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

BACKGROUND

In the telecommunications industry, use of fiber optic cables for carrying transmission signals is rapidly growing. Fiber distribution frames are adapted to aid in the connection of fiber optic equipment. To connect fiber optic equipment in the fiber distribution frame or to connect fiber optic equipment between fiber distribution frames, fiber optic cable is routed between the fiber optic equipment and/or the fiber distribution frames. However, the length of fiber optic cable needed between the fiber optic equipment and/or the fiber distribution frames varies depending on the location of the equipment in the fiber distribution frame or the location of the fiber distribution frames. As a result, there is a need for a system to effectively manage varying lengths of fiber optic cable.

SUMMARY

An aspect of the present disclosure relates to a cable enclosure assembly. The cable enclosure assembly includes an enclosure, a cable spool and a length of fiber optic cable. The enclosure defines an interior region, a first opening and a second opening aligned with the first opening. The first and second openings provide access to the interior region. The cable spool is disposed in the interior region of the enclosure and is rotatably engaged with the enclosure. The cable spool includes a drum and a flange engaged to the drum. The flange has an outer peripheral side, a cable management portion and an adapter bulkhead portion. The adapter bulkhead portion extends outwardly from the cable management portion and forms a portion of the outer peripheral side. The length of the fiber optic cable is disposed about the drum of the cable spool.

Another aspect of the present disclosure relates to a cable enclosure assembly. The cable enclosure assembly includes an enclosure, a cable spool, a plurality of adapters and a length of fiber optic cable. The enclosure defines an interior region and a first opening. The first opening provides access to the interior region. The cable spool is disposed in the interior region of the enclosure and rotatably engaged with the enclosure. The cable spool includes a drum and a flange engaged to the drum. The flange includes an adapter bulkhead portion. The plurality of adapters is disposed on the adapter bulkhead portion. Each of the adapters including a first side and a second side. The length of fiber optic cable is disposed about the drum of the cable spool. The fiber optic cable includes a first end and an oppositely disposed second end. The first end has connectors engaged to the second sides of the adapters. The cable spool is rotatable in the enclosure

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to a first stored position in which the first sides of the adapters are aligned with the first opening and accessible through the first opening.

Another aspect of the present disclosure relates to a cable enclosure assembly. The cable enclosure assembly includes an enclosure, a cable spool, a plurality of adapters, a length of fiber optic cable, a first plurality of bend radius protectors and a spool lock. The enclosure defines an interior region and a first opening that provides access to the interior region. The cable spool is disposed in the interior region of the enclosure and rotatably engaged with the enclosure. The cable spool includes a drum and a flange engaged to the drum. The flange includes an adapter bulkhead portion. The plurality of adapters is disposed on the adapter bulkhead portion. Each of the adapters including a first side and a second side. The length of fiber optic cable is disposed about the drum of the cable spool. The fiber optic cable includes a first end and an oppositely disposed second end. The first end has connectors engaged to the second sides of the adapters. The first plurality of bend radius protectors is disposed adjacent to the first opening. The spool lock is adapted for engagement with the cable spool to prevent rotation of the cable spool relative to the enclosure. The spool lock is adapted to engage the cable spool when the cable spool is in a first stored position in which the first sides of the adapters are aligned with the first opening and accessible through the first opening.

Another aspect of the present disclosure relates to cable routing configurations that incorporate rotating spool technology.

Another aspect of the present disclosure relates to a fiber optic network assembly. The fiber optic network assembly includes a first optical distribution frame having a cable enclosure assembly. The cable enclosure assembly includes an enclosure mounted to the first optical distribution frame. A cable spool is rotatably disposed in the enclosure. A length of fiber optic cable is wrapped around the cable spool. The fiber optic cable has a first end and an oppositely disposed second end. The second end includes a multi-fiber connector. A second optical distribution frame includes an adapted that is remotely disposed from the first optical distribution frame. The second end of the fiber optic cable of the cable enclosure assembly of the first optical distribution frame is engaged to the adapter of the second optical distribution frame.

A variety of additional aspects will be set forth in the description that follows. These aspects can relate to individual features and to combinations of features. It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory only and are not restrictive of the broad concepts upon which the embodiments disclosed herein are based.

DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a schematic representation of a fiber optic network assembly having exemplary features of aspects in accordance with the principles of the present disclosure.

FIG. 2 is a rear perspective view of a multi-fiber connector suitable for use in the fiber optic network assembly of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is a front perspective view of the multi-fiber connector of FIG. 2.

FIG. 4 is an alternate embodiment of the fiber optic network assembly of FIG. 1.

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FIG. 5 is an alternate embodiment of the fiber optic network assembly of FIG. 1.

FIG. 6 is an alternate embodiment of the fiber optic network assembly of FIG. 1.

FIG. 7 is a front perspective view of a cable enclosure assembly suitable for use in the fiber optic network assembly of FIG. 1.

FIG. 8 is a rear perspective view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 7.

FIG. 9 is a top view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 7.

FIG. 10 is a cross-sectional view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 7.

FIG. 11 is a perspective view of an adapter suitable for use with the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 7.

FIG. 12 is a cross-sectional view of the adapter of FIG. 11.

FIG. 13 is a perspective view of an alternate embodiment of a cable enclosure assembly showing a cable spool in a first stored position.

FIG. 14 is a perspective view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 13.

FIG. 15 is an exploded perspective view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 13 showing a spool lock.

FIG. 16 is a top view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 13.

FIG. 17 is a front view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 13.

FIG. 18 is a side view of the cable enclosure assembly of FIG. 13.

FIG. 19 is perspective view of the cable enclosure assembly with a cover removed showing the cable spool in a second stored position.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Reference will now be made in detail to the exemplary aspects of the present disclosure that are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Wherever possible, the same reference numbers will be used throughout the drawings to refer to the same or like structure.

Referring now to FIG. 1, a fiber optic network assembly, generally designated 10, is shown. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the fiber optic network assembly 10 includes a first optical distribution frame 12 and a second optical distribution frame 14.

The first optical distribution frame 12 includes a cable enclosure assembly, generally designated 20. The cable enclosure assembly 20 includes an enclosure 22 and a cable spool 24 rotatably disposed in the enclosure 22.

A length of fiber optic cable 26 is wrapped around the cable spool 24. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the length of fiber optic cable 26 wrapped around the cable spool 24 is greater than or equal to about 80 feet. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the length of fiber optic cable 26 wrapped around the cable spool 24 is greater than or equal to about 100 feet. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the fiber optic cable 26 has an outer diameter that is 3 millimeter.

In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 1, the fiber optic cable 26 is a multi-fiber cable. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the fiber optic cable 26 includes at least 6 fibers. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the fiber optic cable 26 includes at least 12 fibers. The fiber optic cable 26 includes a first end 28 and an oppositely disposed second end 30. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first end 28 and second ends 30 are connectorized.

In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 1, the first end 28 includes a plurality of single fiber connectors 32 (e.g., SC

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connectors, LC connectors, LX.5 connectors, ST connectors, FC connectors, MU connectors, etc.). The plurality of single fiber connectors 32 is adapted for engagement with a first side 34 of a plurality of fiber optic adapters 36. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 1, the plurality of adapters 36 is disposed on the cable spool 24 so that the plurality of adapters 36 rotates in unison with the cable spool 24 when the fiber optic cable 26 is dispensed from the cable spool 24.

Referring now to FIGS. 1-3, the second end 30 of the fiber optic cable 26 includes a multi-fiber connector 38 (e.g., MT connector, Multi-fiber Push-On (MPO) connector, etc.). An exemplary multi-fiber connector suitable for use with the fiber optic cable 26 is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,214,730, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Exemplary multi-fiber connectors suitable for use with the fiber optic cable 26 are available from US Conec Ltd. of Hickory, N.C., USA as part numbers C10821, C10822, C8190, and C10823. Fiber optic connectors related to part numbers C10821, C10822, C8190, and C10823 are known as MTP® connectors. A suitable multi-fiber connector has been described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2009/0324181, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

The multi-fiber connector 38 is adapted for engagement with an adapter 40. The adapter 40 is adapted to mechanically couple the multi-fiber connector 38 to a second multi-fiber connector. The adapter 40 is remotely disposed from the fiber optic cable enclosure assembly 20. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 1, the adapter 40 is disposed on a first panel assembly 42 of the second optical distribution frame 14.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the second end 30 of the fiber optic cable 26 is paid out from the cable spool 24 by pulling on the second end 30 of the fiber optic cable 26. As the fiber optic cable 26 is pulled, the cable spool 24 rotates relative to the enclosure 22. Since the plurality of adapters 36 is disposed on the cable spool 24, the first end 28 of the fiber optic cable 26 can remain connected to the plurality of adapters 36 without damaging the fiber optic cable 26.

Referring now to FIG. 4, an alternate embodiment of a cable enclosure assembly 20' is shown in which the plurality of adapters 36 is disposed on the enclosure 22 so that the plurality of adapters 36 is remote from the cable spool 24. In this embodiment, the first end 28 of the fiber optic cable 26 is disconnected from the first side 34 of the adapters 36 so that the second end 30 of the fiber optic cable 26 can be paid out without damaging the fiber optic cable 26. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first end 28 of the fiber optic cable 26 is stored on the cable spool 24 while the second end 30 of the fiber optic cable 26 is paid out. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the first end 28 of the fiber optic cable 26 is stored on a flange of the cable spool 24 while the second end 30 is paid out. The first end 28 of the fiber optic cable 26 is engaged to the plurality of adapters 36 after a desired length of the fiber optic cable 26 has been paid out from the cable spool 24.

Referring again to FIG. 1, a cross-connect cable 44 optically connects the first panel assembly 42 of the second optical distribution frame 14 to a second panel assembly 46 of the second optical distribution frame 14. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 1, the cross-connect cable 44 is engaged to one of a first plurality of adapters 48 on the first panel assembly 42 and one of a second plurality of adapters 50 on the second panel assembly 46 of the second optical distribution frame 14.

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A jumper cable 52 optically connects the fiber optic enclosure assembly 20 of the first optical distribution frame 12 to an active component 54 of the first optical distribution frame 12. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 1, a first connectorized end 56 of a jumper cable 52 is engaged to a second side 58 of one of the plurality of adapters 36 of the fiber optic cable enclosure assembly 20 while a second connectorized end 60 of the jumper cable 52 is optically engaged to the active component 54. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the jumper cable 52 has a length that is greater than or equal to 2 feet. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the length of the jumper cable 52 is greater than or equal to 5 feet. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the length of the jumper cable 52 is greater than or equal to 10 feet.

Referring now to FIG. 5, an alternate embodiment of a fiber optic network assembly 100 is shown. In this embodiment, the first optical fiber optic network assembly 100 includes a first optical distribution frame 102 and a second optical distribution frame 104.

The first optical distribution frame 102 includes a cable enclosure assembly, generally designated 110. The cable enclosure assembly 110 includes an enclosure 112 and a cable spool 114 rotatably disposed in the enclosure 112. A length of multi-fiber fiber optic cable 116 is wrapped around the cable spool 114.

The fiber optic cable 116 includes a first end 118 and an oppositely disposed second end 120. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first end 118 and second ends 120 are connectorized.

In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 5, the first end 118 includes a first multi-fiber connector 122 (e.g., MT connector, Multi-fiber Push-On (MPO) connector, etc.). The first multi-fiber connector 122 is adapted for engagement with a first side 124 of a multi-fiber adapter 126 disposed on the enclosure 112 of the cable enclosure assembly 110 so that the multi-fiber adapter 126 is remote from the cable spool 114.

The second end 120 of the fiber optic cable 116 includes a second multi-fiber connector 128 (e.g., MT connector, Multi-fiber Push-On (MPO) connector, etc.). The second multi-fiber connector 128 is adapted for engagement with an adapter 130 that is remotely disposed from the cable enclosure assembly 110. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 5, the adapter 130 is disposed on a first panel assembly 132 of the second optical distribution frame 104.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the second end 120 of the fiber optic cable 116 is paid out from the cable spool 114 by pulling on the second end 120 of the fiber optic cable 116. As the fiber optic cable 116 is pulled, the cable spool 114 rotates relative to the enclosure 112. As the second end 120 of the fiber optic cable 116 is paid out, the first end 118 of the fiber optic cable 116 is stored on the cable spool 114. The first end 118 of the fiber optic cable 116 is engaged to the multi-fiber adapter 126 after a desired length of the fiber optic cable 116 has been paid out from the cable spool 114.

A cross-connect cable 134 optically connects the first panel assembly 132 of the second optical distribution frame 104 to a second panel assembly 136 of the second optical distribution frame 104.

A patch cable 142 optically connects the fiber optic enclosure assembly 110 of the first optical distribution frame 102 to one or more active components 144 of the first optical distribution frame 102. The patch cable 142 includes a first connectorized end 146 and a second connectorized end 148. The first connectorized end 146 includes a multi-fiber connector 150 while the second connectorized end 148 includes

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a plurality of single fiber connectors 152. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 5, the first connectorized end 146 of the patch cable 142 is engaged to a second side 148 of the multi-fiber adapter 126 of the fiber optic cable enclosure assembly 20 while the second connectorized end 148 of the patch cable 142 is optically engaged to a plurality of single fiber adapters 154 of the active component 144. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the patch cable 142 has a length that is greater than or equal to about 2 feet. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the length of the patch cable 142 is greater than or equal to about 5 feet. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the length of the patch cable 142 is greater than or equal to about 10 feet.

Referring now to FIG. 6, an alternate embodiment of a fiber optic network assembly 200 is shown. In this embodiment, the first optical fiber optic network assembly 200 includes a first optical distribution frame 202 and a second optical distribution frame 204.

The first optical distribution frame 202 includes a cable enclosure assembly, generally designated 210. The cable enclosure assembly 210 includes an enclosure 212 and a cable spool 214 rotatably disposed in the enclosure 212. A length of multi-fiber fiber optic cable 216 is wrapped around the cable spool 214.

The fiber optic cable 216 includes a first end 218 and an oppositely disposed second end 220. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first end 218 and second ends 220 are connectorized.

In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 6, the first end 218 includes a plurality of single fiber connectors 222 (e.g., SC connectors, LC connectors, LX.5 connectors, ST connectors, FC connectors, MU connectors, etc.). The plurality of single fiber connectors 222 is adapted for engagement with a first side 224 of a plurality of adapters 226 disposed on an active component 227 of the first optical distribution frame 202.

The first end 218 optically connects the cable enclosure assembly 210 of the first optical distribution frame 202 to the active component 227 of the first optical distribution frame 202. The first end 218 extends outwardly from the cable enclosure assembly 210 by a length that is greater than or equal to about 2 feet. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the first end 218 extends outwardly from the cable enclosure assembly 210 by a length that is greater than or equal to about 5 feet. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the first end 218 extends outwardly from the cable enclosure assembly 210 by a length that is greater than or equal to about 10 feet.

The second end 220 of the fiber optic cable 216 includes a second multi-fiber connector 228 (e.g., MT connector, Multi-fiber Push-On (MPO) connector, etc.). The second multi-fiber connector 228 is adapted for engagement with an adapter 230 that is remotely disposed from the cable enclosure assembly 210. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 6, the adapter 230 is disposed on a first panel assembly 232 of the second optical distribution frame 204.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the second end 220 of the fiber optic cable 216 is paid out from the cable spool 214 by pulling on the second end 220 of the fiber optic cable 216. As the fiber optic cable 216 is pulled, the cable spool 214 rotates relative to the enclosure 212. As the second end 220 of the fiber optic cable 216 is paid out, the first end 218 of the fiber optic cable 216 is stored on the cable spool 214 and carried by the cable spool 214 as the cable spool 214 rotates. The first end 218 of the fiber optic cable 216 is

engaged to the plurality of adapters **226** after a desired length of the fiber optic cable **216** has been paid out from the cable spool **214**.

A cross-connect cable **234** optically connects the first panel assembly **232** of the second optical distribution frame **204** to a second panel assembly **236** of the second optical distribution frame **204**.

Referring now to FIGS. 7-10, a cable enclosure assembly, generally designated **300**, is shown. The cable enclosure assembly **300** includes an enclosure, generally designated **302**, and a cable spool, generally designated **304**, rotatably disposed in the enclosure **302**.

The enclosure **302** includes a base **306**, a first sidewall **307** and an oppositely disposed second sidewall **308**. The first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** extend outwardly from the base **306**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** extend outwardly in a direction that is generally perpendicular to the base **306**. The first sidewall **307** includes a first end **309a** and an oppositely disposed second end **309b** while the second sidewall **308** includes a first end **310a** and an oppositely disposed second end **310b**.

The enclosure **302** has a height H_D and a width W_D . The height H_D of the enclosure **302** is generally equal to the distance the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** extend from the base **306**. The width W_D of the enclosure **302** is generally equal to the distance between the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308**.

Each of the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** includes a mounting bracket **312**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the mounting bracket **312** is generally L-shaped. The mounting bracket **312** includes a first end portion **313** that mounts to one of the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** and a second end portion **314** that is adapted for engagement with the first optical distribution frame **12** (shown in FIG. 1). In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first end portion **313** is engaged to one of the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** by a plurality of fasteners (e.g., screws, bolts, rivets, weld, adhesive, etc.).

The base **306** and the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** of the enclosure **302** cooperatively define an interior region **316** of the enclosure **302**. The interior region **316** is adapted to receive the cable spool **304**.

The enclosure **302** defines a first opening **318** disposed adjacent to the first ends **312a**, **314a** of the first and second sidewalls **308**, **310** and an oppositely disposed second opening **320** disposed adjacent to the second ends **309b**, **310b** of the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first ends **309a**, **310a** of the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** and the base **306** cooperatively define the first opening **318** while the second ends **309b**, **310b** of the first and second sidewalls **307**, **308** and the base **306** cooperatively define the second opening **320**. The first and second openings **318**, **320** provide access to the interior region **316** of the enclosure **302**.

The enclosure **302** includes a plurality bend radius protectors **322** disposed on the base **306** of the enclosure **302**. Each of the bend radius protectors **322** includes a body **324** having a base end **326** and an oppositely disposed free end **328**. The body **324** is arcuate in shape and includes a radius. The radius is sized to be greater than the minimum bend radius of a fiber optic cable. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the body **324** is shaped as a partial cylinder. A retention arm **330** extends outwardly from the body **324** in a generally radial direction at the free end **328**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the retention arm **330** is integral with the body **324**.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, a first plurality of bend radius protectors **322a** is disposed adjacent the first opening **318**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first plurality of bend radius protectors **322a** includes one bend radius protector **322** disposed adjacent to the first end **309a** of the first sidewall **307** and another bend radius protector **322** disposed adjacent to the first end **310a** of the second sidewall **308**. A second plurality of bend radius protectors **322b** is disposed adjacent the second opening **320**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the second plurality of bend radius protectors **322b** includes one bend radius protector **322** disposed adjacent to the second end **309b** of the first sidewall **307** and another bend radius protector **322** disposed adjacent the second end **310b** of the second sidewall **308**. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the second plurality of bend radius protectors **322b** includes a first set of bend radius protectors **322** disposed adjacent to the second end **309b** of the first sidewall **307** and a second set of bend radius protectors **322** disposed adjacent the second end **310b** of the second sidewall **308**. Each of the two sets of bend radius protectors **322** includes two bend radius protectors. The two bend radius protectors **322** are arranged so that the retention arms **330** of the bend radius protectors **322** are aligned and cooperatively define a channel **332** with the bodies **324** of the bend radius protectors **322**.

The enclosure **302** further includes a plurality of cable clips **334** disposed adjacent to the first opening **318**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the cable clips **334** are disposed on opposite sides of the first opening **318**.

The cable spool **304** is rotatably disposed in the interior region **320** of the enclosure **302**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the cable spool **304** includes a first flange **340**, an oppositely disposed second flange **341** and a drum **342** disposed between the first and second flanges **340**, **341**. The drum **342** is adapted to receive a length of fiber optic cable **343**. The length of fiber optic cable **343** is wrapped or coiled around the drum **342** and includes a first end **344** and an oppositely disposed second end **345**. The outer diameter of the drum **342** is sized so that the outer diameter is greater than the minimum bend radius of the fiber optic cable **343**.

In one embodiment, the fiber optic cable **343** includes optical fibers having reduced sensitivity to micro or macro-bending (hereinafter referred to as "bend insensitive"). Exemplary bend insensitive optical fibers have been described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 7,587,111 and 7,623,747, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. An exemplary bend insensitive optical fiber suitable for use in cable enclosure assembly **300** is commercially available from Draka Comteq under the name BendBright XS.

The cable spool **304** includes a height H_S and has an outer diameter D_S . The height H_S of the cable spool **304** is measured along a rotational axis **346** of the cable spool **304** that extends through the center of the drum **342**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the height H_S of the cable spool **304** is less than or equal to the height H_D of the enclosure **302**. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the height H_S of the cable spool **304** is at least about 30% of the height H_D of the enclosure **302**. The outer diameter D_S of the cable spool **304** is less than the width W_D of the enclosure **302**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the outer diameter D_S of the cable spool **304** is at least 75% of the width W_D of the enclosure **302**.

The first flange **340** includes a first surface **347**, an oppositely disposed second surface **348**, and an outer side **350** that extends around the perimeter of the first flange. The first surface **347** is disposed adjacent to the base **306**. The

second surface **348** is disposed adjacent to the drum **342**. The outer side **350** of the first flange **340** is generally circular in shape. The outer side **350** includes a chordal side surface **354** that is generally planar in shape. The chordal side surface **354** is offset from the rotational axis **346**.

The second flange **341** includes a first surface **355**, an oppositely disposed second surface **356** that is disposed adjacent to the drum **342**, and an outer peripheral side **358**. The second flange **341** further includes a cable management portion **359** and an adapter bulkhead portion **360**.

The cable management portion **359** of the second flange **341** is generally planar in shape and defines a cable pass-thru **362** that extends through the first and second surfaces **355**, **356** of the second flange **341**. The cable pass-thru **362** provides a passage through which a portion of the fiber optic cable **343** can pass from the drum **342** through the second flange **341** so that the portion of the fiber optic cable **343** that passes through the cable pass-thru **362** is disposed adjacent to the first surface **355** of the second flange **341**.

The cable pass-thru **362** is located at a position that is offset from the rotational axis **346** of cable spool **304**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the cable pass-thru **362** is located at a radial distance from the rotational axis **346** that is greater than the radius of the drum **342**.

The cable management portion **359** includes a plurality of bend radius protectors **366**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the bend radius protectors **366** are similar in structure to the bend radius protectors **322** previously described. The bend radius protectors **366** are configured to route the portion of the fiber optic cable **343** that passes through the cable pass-thru **362** from the cable pass-thru **362** to the adapter bulkhead portion **360**. The cable management portion **359** further includes a cable spool **368**. The cable spool **368** is adapted to receive an excess portion of the fiber optic cable **343** that passes through the cable pass-thru **362**. The excess portion is wrapped around the cable spool **368**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the cable spool **368** is formed by at least two bend radius protectors **366**. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the cable spool **368** is formed by at least three bend radius protectors **366**.

The cable management portion **359** further includes a fan-out mounting area **370** that is adapted to receive a fan-out **372**. The fan-out **372** serves as a transition location between ribbon-style cable and upjacketed fibers. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the upjacketed fibers have an outer diameter that is about 900 micrometers. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the upjacketed fibers have an outer diameter that is about 2 millimeters. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the fan-out mounting area **370** includes a clip that retains the fan-out **372** in the fan-out mounting area **370**. In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 7-10, the fan-out mounting area **370** is adapted to receive multiple fan-outs **372** in a stacked configuration.

The adapter bulkhead portion **360** extends outwardly from the cable management portion **359** of the second flange **341**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion **360** is about perpendicular to the cable management portion **359** so that the first surface **355** of the adapter bulkhead portion **360** faces the cable management portion **359** while the second surface **356** faces away from the cable management portion **359**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion **360** forms a portion of the outer peripheral side **358** of the second flange **341** so that the second surface **356** of the adapter bulkhead portion **360** is generally aligned with the chordal side surface **354** of the first flange **340** of the cable spool **304**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the second surface **356** of the adapter

bulkhead portion **360** of the second flange **341** and the chordal side surface **354** of the first flange **340** are generally offset from the first opening **318** of the enclosure **302** when the cable spool **304** is in a stored position (best shown in FIGS. 7 and 9).

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion **360** and the cable management portion **359** are monolithic. The second flange **341** is originally formed as a planar sheet after which the adapter bulkhead portion **360** is bent to the position shown in FIGS. 7-10.

The adapter bulkhead portion **360** is adapted to receive a plurality of adapters **374**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion **360** is adapted to receive at least 12 adapters **374**. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion **362** is adapted to receive at least 24 adapters **374**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion **362** defines an adapter opening **376** in which the plurality of adapters **374** is mounted. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion **362** defines a plurality of openings **376** in which the plurality of adapters **374** is mounted.

Referring now to FIGS. 11 and 12, one of the adapters **374** is shown. In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 11 and 12, the adapter **374** is an SC-type adapter. As the SC-type adapter was described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,317,663, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety, the SC-type adapter will only be briefly described herein. The SC-type adapter includes a main body **380** with a pair of tabs **382**, **384** located on the exterior of the main body **380**. The tabs **382**, **384** serve to support the adapter **374** in the adapter bulkhead portion **360** of the second flange **341**. The adapter **374** further includes a pair of retaining clips **386**, **388**, with one retaining clip **386**, **388** associated with each tab **382**, **384**.

The adapter **374** includes a first side **390** and a second side **392**. Each of the first and second sides **390**, **392** is adapted to receive single fiber connectors. The first side **390** of the adapter **374** is inserted into the adapter bulkhead portion **360**. As the adapter **374** is inserted through the adapter opening **376**, the retaining clips **386**, **388** compress against the main body **380**. The adapter **374** is inserted into the adapter bulkhead portion **360** until the tabs **382**, **384** abut the adapter bulkhead portion **360**. With the tabs **382**, **384** abutting the adapter bulkhead portion **360**, the retaining clips **386**, **388** decompress on the opposite side of the adapter bulkhead portion **360**, thereby retaining the adapter bulkhead portion **360** between the retaining clips **386**, **388** and the tabs **382**, **384**.

The adapter **374** further includes an alignment sleeve **394** disposed in the main body **380**. The alignment sleeve **394** defines a central longitudinal bore **396** having a first opening **398a** and an oppositely disposed second opening **398b**. The first opening **398a** is adapted to receive a first ferrule of a connectorized end of a fiber optic cable while the second opening **398b** is adapted to receive a second ferrule of a connectorized end of another fiber optic cable. The alignment sleeve **394** is adapted to align the first and second ferrules for optical communication.

Referring now to FIGS. 7-10, the cable management portion **359** defines a first cable routing path **400** and a second cable routing path **402**. The first cable routing path **400** routes a first group of fibers **343a** of the fiber optic cable **343** to a first set **374a** of the adapters **374** while the second cable routing path **402** routes a second group of fibers **343b** of the fiber optic cable **343** to a second set **374b** of the adapters **374**.

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The first cable routing path **400** routes the first group of fibers **343a** from the fan-out **372** in a first direction away from a second side **392** of the adapters **374**. The first group of fibers **343a** of the fiber optic cable **343** is then routed around a first plurality of bend radius protectors **366a**. The first cable routing path **400** then routes the first group of fibers **343a** in a second direction toward the second side **392** of the adapters **374** where the connectorized ends of the first group of fibers **343a** are engaged with the second side **392** of the adapters **374**.

The second cable routing path **402** routes the second group of fibers **343b** from the fan-out **372** in the first direction away from the second side **392** of the adapters **374**. The second group of fibers **343b** of the fiber optic cable **343** is then routed around a second plurality of bend radius protectors **366b**. The second plurality of bend radius protectors **366b** is located on the second flange **341** in a mirror image arrangement with respect to a reference plane that is generally perpendicular to the adapter bulkhead portion **360** and extends through the rotational axis **346**. The second group of fibers **343b** of the fiber optic cable **343** is routed around the second plurality of bend radius protectors **366b** in a direction that is opposite of the direction the first group of fiber **343a** is routed around the first plurality of bend radius protectors **366a**. The second cable routing path **402** then routes the second group of fiber **343b** in the second direction toward the second side **392** of the adapters **374** where the connectorized ends of the second group of fibers **343a** are engaged with the second side **392** of adapters **374**.

Referring now to FIG. 10, a bearing assembly **404** engages the cable spool **304** to the enclosure **302**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the bearing assembly **404** is a simple or plain bearing.

The bearing assembly **404** includes a first ring member **406**, a second ring member **408** and a puck member **410**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the bearing assembly **404** is manufactured from a general purpose polycarbonate material. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the bearing assembly **404** is molded from a thermoplastic polyester resin, such as Valox resins.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first and second ring members **406**, **408** are substantially similar. Each of the first and second ring members **406**, **408** includes an outer circumferential surface **411a**, **411b**, respectively, a first surface **412a**, **412b**, respectively, and an oppositely disposed second surface **414a**, **414b**, respectively. The first and second surfaces **412**, **414** are generally planar.

The first surface **412a** of the first ring member **406** is adapted for engagement with the first flange **340** of the cable spool **304**. The second surface **414a** of the first ring member **406** is adapted for engagement with the first surface **412b** of the second ring member **408**. The second surface **414b** of the second ring member **408** is adapted for engagement with the second flange **341**.

The first ring member **406** defines an inner bore **416** having a bearing surface **418**. The bearing surface **418** is disposed at an oblique angle relative to the rotational axis **346**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the oblique angle is less than about 90 degrees. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the oblique angle is in the range of about 30 degrees to about 75 degrees. In another aspect of the present disclosure, the oblique angle is in the range of about 45 degrees to about 60 degrees.

The puck member **410** is captured between the first and second ring members **406**, **408** and is adapted for fixed engagement with the base **306** of the enclosure **302** and rotating engagement with the first ring member **406**. The

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puck member **410** includes a first end surface **420**, an oppositely disposed second end surface **422**, and a mating bearing surface **424**. In the subject embodiment, the first and second end surfaces **420**, **422** are generally planar. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first end surface **420** is adapted for engagement with the base **306** of the enclosure **302**.

The mating bearing surface **424** is adapted to engage the bearing surface **418** of the first ring member **406** in sliding contact. The mating bearing surface **424** is disposed at an angle that is about equal to the oblique angle.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, an outer periphery of the puck member **410** is sized slightly smaller than the inner bore **416** of the first ring member **406**. This difference in size between the outer periphery of the puck member **410** and the inner bore **416** of the first ring member **406** creates a clearance between the first ring member **406** and the puck member **410**. This clearance allows for rotation of the puck member **410** in the first ring member **406** following dimensional expansion of the outer periphery of the puck member **410**, which results from heat generated from rotation of the puck member **410** in the first ring member **406**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the clearance is filled with silicon grease or other lubricant to reduce the amount of heat generated.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the outer circumferential surfaces **411a**, **411b** of the first and second ring members **406**, **408** of the bearing assembly **404** form the drum **342**. The fiber optic cable **343** is coiled around the outer circumferential surfaces **411a**, **411b** of the bearing assembly **404**.

While the cable enclosure assembly **300** described above is suitable for use in the fiber optic network **10** depicted in FIG. 1 of the present disclosure, it will be understood that a similar cable enclosure assembly **300** could be used in the fiber optic network assemblies **10**, **100**, **200** depicted in FIGS. 4, 5 and 6. In the fiber optic network assemblies **10**, **100**, **200** as depicted in FIGS. 4, 5 and 6, the cable spool **304** can be modified so that the adapter bulkhead portion **360** is removed from the cable spool **304**.

Referring now to FIGS. 7-10, the use of the cable enclosure assembly **300** will be described. With the fiber optic cable **343** coiled around the drum **342** of the cable spool **304** and the first end **344** of the fiber optic cable **343** engaged with the first side **390** of the adapters **374** in the adapter bulkhead portion **360**, the second end **345** of the fiber optic cable **343** can be paid out through one of the first and second openings **318**, **320**. As the second end **345** is pulled through one of the first and second openings **318**, **320**, the cable spool **304** rotates in the enclosure **302** about the rotation axis **346**. After the second end **345** of the fiber optic cable **343** has been paid out, the second side **403** of the adapters **374** can be engaged with a connectorized cable (e.g., patch cable, jumper cable, etc.). In one aspect of the present disclosure, the entire length of the fiber optic cable **343** is not completely deployed during pay out. In this scenario, the residual length of fiber optic cable **343** (which is equal to the entire length minus the deployed length) remains coiled around the drum **342** of the cable spool **304**.

In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 7-9, a pulling assembly **426** encloses the second end **345** of the fiber optic cable **343**. A pulling assembly suitable for use with the second end **345** of the fiber optic cable **343** has been described in U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 61/176,721 (now U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/775,011), entitled "Cable Pulling Assembly" and filed on May 8, 2009, and U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 61/177,879 (now U.S.

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patent application Ser. No. 12/779,198), entitled "Cable Pulling Assembly" and filed on May 13, 2009, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

Referring now to FIGS. 13-19, an alternate embodiment of the cable enclosure assembly 500 is shown. The cable enclosure assembly 500 includes an enclosure, generally designated 502, and a cable spool, generally designated 504, rotatably disposed in the enclosure 502.

The enclosure 502 includes a base panel 506, a first sidewall 508, an oppositely disposed second sidewall 510, and a third sidewall 512. The first, second and third sidewalls 508, 510, 512 extend outwardly from the base panel 506. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first, second and third sidewalls 508, 510, 512 extend outwardly in a direction that is generally perpendicular to the base panel 506. In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 13-15, the first sidewall 508 is generally parallel to the second sidewall 510. The first sidewall 508 includes a first end 514a and an oppositely disposed second end 514b while the second sidewall 510 includes a first end 516a and an oppositely disposed second end 516b. The first ends 514a, 516a of the first and second sidewalls 508, 510 and the base 506 cooperatively define a first opening 517 of the enclosure 502.

The third sidewall 512 is disposed between the second ends 514b, 516b of the first and second sidewalls 508, 510 and oriented so that the third sidewall 512 is generally perpendicular to the first and second sidewalls 508, 510. The third sidewall 512 includes a first end 518a and an oppositely disposed second end 518b.

In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 13-15, the first and second ends 518a, 518b of the third sidewall 512 do not abut the second ends 514b, 516b of the first and second sidewalls 508, 510, respectively. The second end 514b of the first sidewall, the first end 518a of the third sidewall 512 and the base panel 506 define a first passage 520 while the second end 516b of the second sidewall 510, the second end 518b of the third sidewall 512 and the base panel 506 define a second passage 522. Each of the first and second passages 522 provides access to an interior region 524 of the enclosure 502, which is cooperatively defined by the first, second and third sidewalls 508, 510, 512 and the base panel 506.

The third sidewall 512 defines an access opening 526. The access opening 526 is disposed between the first and second ends 518a, 518b of the third sidewall 512. The access opening 526 extends through the third sidewall 512. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the access opening 526 is a generally U-shaped opening.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the third sidewall 512 includes a grounding fastener 528. The grounding fastener 528 is disposed on an outer surface 529 of the third sidewall 512.

The cable spool 504 is rotatably disposed in the interior region 524 of the enclosure 502. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the cable spool 504 includes a first flange 530, an oppositely disposed second flange 532 and a drum disposed between the first and second flanges 530, 532. The fiber optic cable 343 is wrapped around the drum of the cable spool 504.

The first flange 530 is structurally similar to the first flange 340 of the cable enclosure assembly 302 previously described. The second flange 532 includes a first surface 534, an oppositely disposed second surface 536 that is disposed adjacent to the drum, and an outer peripheral side 538. The second flange 532 further includes a cable management portion 540 and an adapter bulkhead portion 542.

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The cable management portion 540 includes a cable pass-thru 544 that extends through the first and second surfaces 534, 536 of the second flange 532. The cable pass-thru 544 provides a passage through which an end portion 546 of the fiber optic cable 343 can pass from the drum through the second flange 532 so that the portion of the fiber optic cable 343 is disposed in the cable management portion 540.

The cable management portion 540 includes a strain relief spool 548. The strain relief spool 548 is disposed on the second surface 536 of the second flange 532 adjacent to the cable pass-thru 544. The strain relief spool 548 is adapted to receive a portion of the end portion 546 of the fiber optic cable 343. The portion of the fiber optic cable 343 is wrapped around the strain relief spool 548. The strain relief spool 548 protects the end portion 546 of the fiber optic cable 343 disposed in the cable management portion 540 from being disrupted in the event that the fiber optic cable 343 is pulled after all of the fiber optic cable 343 disposed around the drum of the cable spool 504 has been paid out.

The cable management portion 540 further includes a plurality of cable management spools 550 around which the end portions 546 of the fiber optic cable 343 are coiled. In the depicted embodiment of FIG. 13, the end portions 546 of the fiber optic cable 343 are loosely coiled around the cable management spools 550. This loose coiling provides excess lengths of individual fibers of the end portions 546 of the fiber optic cable 343. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the cable management portion 540 includes a first cable management spool 550a and a second cable management spool 550b.

The cable management portion 540 further includes a fan-out mounting area 560 that is adapted to receive a fan-out 562. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the fan-out mounting area 560 includes a plurality of fan-outs 562. The fan-outs 562 serve as a transition location between the fiber optic cable 343 and the individual upjacketed fibers of the fiber optic cable 343. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the fan-out mounting area 560 includes a plurality of fasteners 564 (e.g., screws, nuts, etc.) that retains the fan-out 562 in the fan-out mounting area 560.

The cable management portion 540 further includes a plurality of cable anchors 576. The cable anchors 576 extend outwardly from the second surface 536 of the second flange 532 and define an opening through which a cable tie can pass. The cable tie is adapted for retaining the fiber optic cable 343 in the cable management portion 540.

The adapter bulkhead portion 542 extends outwardly from the cable management portion 540 of the second flange 532. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion 542 is about perpendicular to the cable management portion 540. The adapter bulkhead portion 542 is generally planar in shape and forms a chordal side surface of the second flange 532 of the cable spool 504. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the adapter bulkhead portion 542 is generally parallel to the first opening 517 of the enclosure 502 when the cable spool 304 is in a first stored position (best shown in FIG. 13).

The adapter bulkhead portion 542 is adapted to receive the plurality of adapters 374. The adapter bulkhead portion 542 defines a plurality of adapter openings in which the plurality of adapters 374 is mounted.

The adapter bulkhead portion 542 defines a bracket mount 582. In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 13-15, the bracket mount 582 is a threaded hole that is centrally located on the adapter bulkhead portion 542. In one aspect of the present

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disclosure, the bracket mount **582** is disposed between a first plurality of adapters **374a** and a second plurality of adapters **374b**.

The cable enclosure assembly **500** further includes a cover **584**. The cover **584** is adapted for engagement with the enclosure **502**. When the cover **584** is engaged to the enclosure **502**, the cover **584** is generally parallel to the base panel **506** and extends between the first and second side-walls **508**, **510**. The cover **584** includes a first edge **586** and an oppositely disposed second edge **588**. The first edge **586** is offset from the first opening **517** of the enclosure **502**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, the first edge **586** is generally aligned with the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504** when the cable spool is in the first stored position. The second edge **588** is generally aligned with the third sidewall **512** of the enclosure **502**.

In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 13-16, the cover **584** includes a plurality of mounting holes **589**. The mounting holes **589** are adapted to receive fasteners for mounting the cover **584** to the enclosure **502**. In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 13-16, the cover **584** includes five mounting holes **589**.

Referring now to FIGS. 13-15, the enclosure **502** includes a plurality of mounting posts **592**. In the depicted embodiment, the enclosure **502** includes a first mounting post **592a** disposed adjacent to the first end **514a** of the first sidewall **508**, a second mounting post **592b** disposed adjacent to the first end **516a** of the second sidewall **510** and a third mounting post **592c** that extends through a rotating axis of the cable spool **504**.

The first and second mounting posts **592b**, **592c** extend outwardly from the base panel **506** at a location adjacent to the first opening **517**. Each of the first and second mounting posts **592a**, **592b** includes a body **594** having an end **596**. The end **596** is oriented so that the end **596** extends outwardly from the body **594** in a generally perpendicular direction. The body **594** defines a first mounting hole **598** while the end **596** defines a second mounting hole **600**. The first and second mounting holes are oriented so that a longitudinal axis through the first mounting hole **598** is generally perpendicular to a longitudinal axis through the second mounting hole **600**. The second mounting hole **600** is adapted for alignment with one of the mounting holes **589** of the cover **584**.

The body **594** of each of the first and second mounting posts **592** is disposed near the first opening **517** of the enclosure **502** so that the body **594** is generally aligned with the adapter bulkhead portion **542** when the cable spool **504** is in the first stored position. Each of the first and second mounting posts **592** is disposed at a radial distance from a center of the cable spool **504** that is greater than the radius of the second flange **532**.

The third mounting post **592c** includes a hole **601** having a longitudinal axis that is coaxial with the rotating axis of the cable spool **504**. The hole **601** of the third mounting post **592c** is adapted for alignment with one of the mounting holes **589** of the cover **584**. The hole **601** is further adapted to receive a fastener that extends through the cover **584**.

The cable enclosure assembly **500** further includes a spool lock **602**. The spool lock **602** is adapted for engagement with the cable spool **504** to prevent rotation of the cable spool **504** relative to the enclosure **502**. The spool lock **602** includes a body **604**. The body **604** is generally L-shaped and includes a first portion **606** and a second portion **608**. The first and second portions **606**, **608** are generally perpendicular. The body **604** further includes a first axial end **610** and an oppositely disposed second axial end **612**.

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The spool lock **602** further includes a plurality of tabs **614**. Each of the tabs **614** extends outwardly from the second portion **608** of the body **604** so that each of the tabs **614** is generally perpendicular to the second portion **608** and generally parallel to the first portion **606** so that each of the tabs **614** is generally offset from the first portion **606**.

In one aspect of the present disclosure, the plurality of tabs **614** includes a first tab **614a** disposed at the first axial end **610** of the body **604** of the spool lock **602** and a second tab **614b** disposed at the second axial end **612** of the body **604**. The first tab **614a** is adapted for engagement with the first mounting post **592a** while the second tab **614b** is adapted for engagement with the second mounting post **592b**.

The first tab **614a** defines a first hole **616** that is adapted for alignment with the first mounting hole **598** of the first mounting post **592a**. The second tab **614b** defines a second hole **618** that is adapted for alignment with the second mounting hole **600** of the second mounting post **592b**. First and second fastener **620**, **622** extend through the first and second holes **616**, **618**, respectively. The first and second fasteners **620**, **622** are adapted for engagement with the first and second mounting holes **598**, **600** of the first and second mounting posts **592a**, **592b**. In one aspect of the present disclosure, each of the first and second fasteners **620**, **622** includes a gripping portion **624** that is used to rotate the fastener for engagement with the mounting posts **592**.

With the first tab **614a** engaged to the first mounting post **592a**, the second tab **614b** engaged to the second mounting post **592b** and the cable spool **504** disposed in the first stored position, a portion of the first tab **614a** overlaps a first end portion **626** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504** while a portion of the second tab **614b** overlaps a second end portion **628** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542**. This overlap prevents rotation of the cable spool **504** relative to the enclosure **502** in either direction of rotation (i.e., clockwise or counterclockwise). If the cable spool **504** is rotated in the clockwise direction, the first end portion **626** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542** abuts the overlapping portion of the first tab **614a**. This abutment between the first end portion **626** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542** and the overlapping portion of the first tab **614a** prevents rotation in the clockwise direction. If the cable spool **504** is rotated in the counterclockwise direction, the second end portion **628** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542** abuts the overlapping portion of the second tab **614b**. This abutment between the second end portion **628** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542** and the overlapping portion of the second tab **614b** prevents rotation in the counterclockwise direction.

In the depicted embodiment of FIGS. 13-15, the spool lock **602** further includes a third tab **614c**. The third tab **614c** is centrally disposed between the first and second tabs **614a**, **614b**. The third tab **614c** extends outwardly from the second portion **608** of the body **604** so that the third tab **614c** is generally perpendicular to the second portion **608**, generally parallel to the first portion **606**, and generally aligned with the first and second tabs **614a**, **614b**. The third tab **614c** defines a third hole **630**. The third hole **630** is adapted for alignment with the bracket mount **582** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504** when the first and second tabs **614a**, **614c** are engaged with the first and second mounting posts **592a**, **592b**. A third fastener **632** extends through the third hole **630** of the third tab **614c**. The third fastener **632** is adapted for engagement with the bracket mount **582** of the adapter bulkhead portion **542**.

The first portion **606** of the spool lock **602** includes an identification area **636**. In one aspect of the present disclosure,

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sure, the identification area **636** of the spool lock **602** includes indicium (e.g., numbers, letters, symbols, colors, etc.) that identifies each of the plurality of adapters **374** mounted to the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504**.

Referring now to FIGS. **13** and **19**, the cable spool **504** can be held in position by the spool lock **602** in the first stored position (shown in FIG. **13**) and a second stored position (shown in FIG. **19**). In the first stored position, the first sides **390** of the adapters **374**, which are mounted on the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504**, are accessible through the first opening **517** of the cable enclosure assembly **500**. In the second stored position, the cable spool **504** is oriented in a position that is about 180 degrees from the first stored position so that the first sides **390** of the adapters **374**, which are mounted on the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504**, are accessible through the access opening **526** of the third sidewall **512**.

When the cable spool **504** is disposed in the first stored position, the first and second tabs **614a**, **614b** of the spool lock **602** are engaged with the mounting posts **592a**, **592b** while the third tab **614c** is engaged with the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504**. When the cable spool **504** is disposed in the second stored position, the first and second tabs **614a**, **614b** of the spool lock **602** are engaged with the mounting posts **592a**, **592b** while the third tab **614c** of the spool lock **602** is engaged with a lock tab **640** disposed on the second flange **532** of the cable spool **504**. The lock tab **640** extends outwardly from the second flange **532** and is generally parallel to the adapter bulkhead portion **542** of the cable spool **504**. The lock tab **640** includes a mount **642** that is adapted to receive the third fastener **632** of the spool lock **602**.

The cable enclosure assembly **500** is adapted for mounting in various positions. For example, the cable enclosure assembly **500** can be mounted in the first optical distribution frame **12** so that the base panel **506** is the bottom panel of the cable enclosure assembly **500**. Alternatively, the cable enclosure assembly **500** can be mounted in the first optical distribution frame **12** so that the base panel **506** is the left-most, right-most, front-most, rear most or upper-most panel of the cable enclosure assembly **500**.

Various modifications and alterations of this disclosure will become apparent to those skilled in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of this disclosure, and it should be understood that the scope of this disclosure is not to be unduly limited to the illustrative embodiments set forth herein.

What is claimed is:

1. A fiber optic network assembly comprising:

an enclosure defining an interior region, a first opening that provides access to the interior region;

a multi-fiber adapter disposed at the first opening of the enclosure;

a cable spool rotatably disposed within the interior region of the enclosure, the cable spool including a drum and a flange extend radially outwardly from the drum; and

a length of multi-fiber cable disposed about the drum of the cable spool, the multi-fiber cable including a first end and an oppositely disposed second end, the first end being terminated by a first multi-fiber connector, and the second end being terminated by a second multi-fiber connector, a length of the multi-fiber cable being configured to be paid out from the cable spool by pulling on the second end of the multi-fiber cable while the first end remains at the cable spool;

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the first and second multi-fiber connectors each including a ferrule, the ferrule having an end that is generally rectangular in shape and defines a plurality of termination locations, each one of the termination locations being adapted to receive one of a plurality of optical fibers of the multi-fiber cable.

2. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 1, wherein the first multi-fiber connector is received at the multi-fiber adapter after the length of the multi-fiber cable is paid out.

3. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 1, wherein the first multi-fiber connector includes an MPO connector.

4. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 1, wherein the multi-fiber adapter defines a port that is accessible from an exterior of the enclosure.

5. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 1, further comprising a first optical distribution frame at which the enclosure is disposed.

6. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 1, further comprising:

an active component disposed at the first optical distribution frame; and

a cable having a first connectorized end and a second connectorized end, the first connectorized end being configured to be received at a port of the multi-fiber adapter to mate with the first multi-fiber connector, and the second connectorized end being received at the active component.

7. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 6, wherein the second connectorized end of the cable includes a plurality of single fiber connectors that are received at optical adapters at the active component.

8. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 6, further comprising:

a second optical distribution frame spaced from the first optical distribution frame;

a first panel assembly disposed at the second optical distribution frame, the first panel assembly including a second multi-fiber adapter that receives the second multi-fiber connector.

9. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 8, wherein the first panel assembly includes a plurality of ports and internal cabling between the second multi-fiber adapter and the plurality of ports.

10. A fiber optic network assembly of claim 9, wherein further comprising:

a second panel assembly disposed at the second optical distribution frame, the second panel assembly including a plurality of optical adapters; and

a cross-connect cable that optically connects the first panel assembly to the second panel assembly.

11. A fiber optic network assembly comprising:

an enclosure defining an interior region;

a multi-fiber adapter disposed at least partially within the interior region of the enclosure;

a cable spool rotatably disposed within the interior region of the enclosure, the cable spool including a drum and a flange extend radially outwardly from the drum; and

a length of multi-fiber cable disposed about the drum of the cable spool, the multi-fiber cable including a first end and an oppositely disposed second end, the first end being terminated by a first multi-fiber connector, and the second end being terminated by a second multi-fiber connector, a length of the multi-fiber cable being configured to be paid out from the cable spool by pulling on the second end of the multi-fiber cable while the first end remains at the cable spool;

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the first and second multi-fiber connectors each including a ferrule, the ferrule having an end that is generally rectangular in shape and defines a plurality of termination locations, each one of the termination locations being adapted to receive one of a plurality of optical fibers of the multi-fiber cable.

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